

Dear Home Buyer,



Yavapai Title Agency congratulates you in your pursuit of the "American Dream"!

Enclosed are sample documents that you will encounter, as well as some general information that we hope will be helpful to you as you enter into the home buying process.

Buying a home should be a happy, exciting time! One of the best ways to ensure that you have a positive and smooth home buying experience is to surround yourself with experts who can educate and guide you each step of the way.

There are many considerations to keep in mind when choosing your team of experts. Of course, you want to work with individuals that you like and who understand your unique needs. In addition, there are levels of expertise that you will want to look for, such as choosing a real estate agent who is a member of the National Association of Realtors. These experts are extensively trained in their field and are held to a strict code of ethics.

When it comes to choosing your title company, we hope that you will choose Yavapai Title Agency, "Your Hometown Title Agency". Here are some important facts that we believe set us apart in Yavapai County and make us the best choice for your title agency.

- As an agency, we have many underwriters to choose from which can translate into better insurance rates for our customers.
- Yavapai Title Agency has been doing business in Yavapai County since 1963. We remain the only locally owned and operated title facility in the county.
- We own property in the communities where we do business, so we pay our fair share of property taxes.
- In a world of more and more outsourcing, Yavapai Title is committed to maintaining our complete title operations here in Yavapai County. Our title experts have local knowledge of the area, which assures the ultimate in expertise. Their salaries are paid locally which is a benefit to our local economy.
- Yavapai Title contributes to many local events and programs that enrich our communities such as the Prescott Frontier Days Rodeo, Prescott Valley Parade of Lights, Prescott Courthouse Lighting, Verde Valley programs and many more.
- We provide our staff with ongoing, up to date industry training, encourage an attitude of teamwork and support, and consistently strive to meet the high standards set forth in our motto~

Yavapai Title Agency "Where Excellence is Tradition"

Visit our website for information on local utility companies and other important links!

www.yavapaititle.com

Important Home Buyer Questions

Your real estate agent can assist you in finding qualified inspectors and direct you to resources to obtain vital information about a prospective property. Here are some items to discuss with your real estate agent to help you make an informed and educated decision.

- Neighborhood Information
- Incorporated or Non Incorporated Area
- Homeowner's Associations (HOA) and Dues
- Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions (CC&R's)
- Road Access, Road Material, and Maintenance
- Taxes
- Utility Services

• Water Source City or Well

Waste Water Sewer, Alternative or Septic

• Heating Propane, Gas, Electric

• Cable Source High Speed Internet Availability

- Schools
- Insurance Costs for Fire and/or Flood
- Inspections (Home, Termite, etc.)
- Zoning (Residential, Multifamily, Commercial)
- Topography, Washes, and Soil
- Airports and Flight Paths
- Pests and Wild Animals



Steps to Purchasing a Home

1. Choose your Real Estate Agent-

Purchasing a new home can be a great experience. Choosing a professional to help you find the right property, negotiate the terms for you and assist you step by step, will help you to understand the process better.

2. Find the home for you-

Your agent will assist you in finding the right home by researching properties based on the information you provide. From these properties you can select the one that's best for you.

3. Prepare your offer-

Once you find the home of your choice, your agent will provide you with market information and contract tips to help in determining a fair price and terms to include in your offer. This offer will be based on many factors, i.e. how long the property has been on the market, how motivated the sellers are, and prices paid in comparable sales in the neighborhood. Conditions, called contingencies, will be included in the offer based on your wishes, such as length of escrow and any personal property you want as part of the sale.

4. Earnest money deposit-

Included with your offer will be your Earnest money deposit. Your agent will hold your check until your offer has been accepted. At that time, it will be deposited into Yavapai Title's Escrow Trust account.

5. Present your offer-

Your agent will present your offer to the seller or the seller's real estate agent. Your agent will inform you of the response which could be acceptance of your offer, a counter offer or rejection of your offer.

6. Open Escrow-

After negotiating an acceptable offer, and upon acceptance, your agent will open escrow on your new home, and your earnest money check will be deposited into the Yavapai Title escrow trust account.

7. Contingencies in escrow-

This is the time allowed in escrow to obtain financing, perform inspections and satisfy any other contingencies to which the purchase is subject. The contingencies may include:

- Approval of commitment for title insurance
- Loan approval by lender of your choice
- Physical inspection of property
- Termite inspection of property

8. Homeowner's Insurance-

If you're obtaining a new loan, you must purchase and submit into escrow a homeowner's insurance policy naming yourself and the new lender as the loss payee.

9. Remainder of down payment money-

Prior to the close of escrow, you will be required to deposit in escrow, by way of cashier's check or wire transfer, the remainder of your down payment. (Arizona Good Funds Law)

10. Close escrow-

As soon as all conditions of the purchase agreement have been met, you will be asked to sign loan documents and closing papers. The lender will deposit with Yavapai Title your loaned funds. The deed conveying the property to you will be recorded in the office of the county recorder and you will take ownership of your new home. Congratulations on your new home!

Why Work with a Local Realtor?

ACCESS TO MLS—The Multiple Listing Service

Local Realtors have access to the MLS system, which is the most comprehensive and accurate home finding site. This is important when selling a home in a competitive market.

PROPERTY COMPS—Comparables

Local Realtors know the market and will provide you with information about comparable properties that have recently sold. This helps you determine your listing price so you don't over price your property.

AREA KNOWLEDGE

Local Realtors know the area, the neighborhoods, the community and its resources. This saves you time as they can direct you to areas based on your needs and wants.

SELLER REPRESENTATION

A Seller's representative will assist you in reviewing your property and setting the right listing price for your home. The Realtor will know how to market and sell to the right prospective buyer for your home. When you receive an offer, the agent will assist you with the contract and negotiations.

REALTOR CODE OF ETHICS

Each Realtor must abide by a Code of Ethics. Here are the Basic Principles:

Protect and promote their client's interests, but be honest with all parties.

Avoid exaggeration, misrepresentation, and concealment of pertinent facts.

Do not reveal facts that are confidential under the scope of their agency relationship.

Cooperate with other real estate professionals to advance their client's best interests.

When buying or selling, they will make their position in the transaction or interest known.

Disclose their present or contemplated interest in any property to all parties.

Avoid side deals without their client's informed consent.

Accept compensation from only one party, except with full disclosure ande informed consent.

Keep the funds of clients and customers in escrow.

Assure, whenever possible, that transactional details are in writing.

Provide equal service to all clients and customers.

Be knowledgeable and competent in the fields of practice in which they ordinarily engage.

Obtain assistance or disclose lack of experience, if necessary.

Present a true picture in their advertising and other public representations.

Do not engage in the unauthorized practice of law.

Be a willing participant in Code enforcement procedures.

Ensure that their comments about other real estate professionals are truthful, and not misleading.

Respect the exclusive representation or exclusive brokerage relationship agreements that other Realtors have with their clients

Arbitrate contractual and specific non-contractual disputes with other Realtors and with their clients.

For full text, refer to Code of Ethics and Standards of Practice of the NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS.

Helpful Moving Tips

- Banks—Close accounts if they are not transferable and establish new accounts at your new location.
- Insurance—Notify your agent of your new address and discuss how your insurance needs may change
 with your new move.
- **Utilities**—Establish cutoff date and give your forwarding address to all utilities and services. Arrange for utilities to be started in your new home prior to arrival.
- Medical Records—Obtain records for all members in the family, including pets. If you've selected new
 providers, arrange to have records sent directly to them.
- Change of address—Fill out a forwarding address form at the post office and pick up a stack of change-of -address forms to send to the following.
 - Family and friends
 - Magazines
 - Credit card companies
 - Pension funds and investment firms
 - Professionals such as your lawyer, accountant, and realtor
 - The IRS, Social Security office and government or military pension offices
 - Your workplace, schools and alma mater
 - National associations or clubs
 - The voter registration office and motor vehicle bureau

Items to carry with you on Move Day

- Phone number of the moving company
- Cash or traveler's checks
- Papers related to the sale of your home
- Insurance policies and agent's phone number
- Your current phone book
- Medications
- Enough clothing to get by if the movers are late
- Important personal records and documents
- Sheets and towels for the first night in your new home
- Personal hygiene items
- Food and supplies for pets



Common Ways to Hold Title to Real Property

Title to real property in Arizona, may be held by individuals, either in Sold Ownership or in Co-Ownership. Co-ownership of real property is where title is held by two or more persons. There are several variations as to how title may be held in each type of ownership. The following brief summaries are the more common examples of sole ownership and co-ownership. For a more comprehensive understanding of the legal and tax consequences, appropriate consultation is recommended.

Sole and Separate: Real property owned by a spouse before marriage or any acquired after marriage by gift, descent of specific intent. If a married person acquires title as sole and separate property, his/her spouse must execute a disclaimer deed.

Tenancy in Common: Two or more persons may hold title to real property as tenants in common. In Arizona, married couples must reject community property and specifically take title as tenants in common. Each owner has a distinct and proportionate interest without the right of survivorship. The only unity involved is possession. Their undivided interest need not be equal but in the aggregate cannot exceed 100% of the ownership interest. A tenant in common may transfer his undivided interest without destroying the co-tenancy estate.

Joint Tenancy with the Right of Survivorship: Two or more persons may hold title to real property as joint tenants with the right of survivorship. In the past, it was required that all joint tenants share the four unities of time, title, interest and possession. As of July 20, 1996, the Arizona legislature effectively abolished the requirement of the "straw deed" and the necessity of joint tenants to all take their interest at the same time. The advantage of joint tenancy with right of survivorship is that upon death of one of the joint tenants, their interest is transferred outside probate to the surviving tenant(s). NOTE: Evidence of the intent of a married couple to hold title to real property as joint tenants with right of survivorship must be in writing so as to avoid the presumption of community property.

Community Property: Only persons married to each other may own real property as community property. Each spouse owns equal interest in their community property. Each spouse may provide by will for the disposition of his or her community interest in the community real property. However, Arizona community property law requires both spouses to join in a conveyance or encumbrance of community real property. Property acquired by a spouse during marriage is presumed to be community property except that property acquired by gift, device or descent. A married couple seeking to hold title to real property located in Arizona in a form other than community property may do so by renouncing the community property form and specifically accepting another form of cotenancy.

Community Property with the Right of Survivorship: Only persons married to each other may take title as community property with the right of survivorship. One spouse is entitled to the whole of the property upon the death of the other and both interests of the community property receive a new tax basis equal to the fair market value as of the date of death. Evidence of the intent of a married couple to hold title to real property as community property with right of survivorship must be in writing in order to avoid the presumption of community property. When parties that hold property as community property with the right of survivorship dissolve or annul their marriage, the property converts to tenancy in common.

General Partnership: Title may be taken in the name of a general partnership duly formed under the laws of the state of Arizona or the state of the formation of the partnership. A partnership is defined as a voluntary association of two or more persons as co-owners in a business for profit.

Limited Partnership: A partnership formed by two or more persons under the laws of Arizona or another state and having one or more general partners and one or more limited partners. A certificate of limited partnership must be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State.

Limited Liability Company: Title may be taken in the name of a Limited Liability Company by properly filing articles of Organization of a Limited Liability Company with the Arizona Corporation Commission or under the laws of the state of formation.

Corporation: Title may be taken in the name of a corporation provided that the corporation is duly formed and in good standing in the state of its incorporation.

What is Escrow?

WHAT IS ESCROW?

Escrow is a process whereby a seller and buyer, or borrower and lender, transfer title to, or place a mortgage lien on, real property. Your Escrow Officer is a disinterested third party, duty-bound to follow the instructions given by you and the other party to your escrow. The Escrow Officer receives and holds money and documents in carrying out your instructions. Because an escrow involves huge amounts of money and reams of paperwork, a professional is required to keep track of and manage the transaction. "In this fast-paced real estate market, the escrow process is an integral part of the real estate transaction, benefiting the consumer and the real estate professional."

WANT A SMOOTH ESCROW?

Be sure you understand each document before you sign it. If uncertain, ask your agent. Let your lender know of any problems, credit or otherwise, ahead of time. Let your Escrow Officer know of potential hurdles, such as judgments, liens or other. Be available—give all parties as many ways to contact you as possible.

WHAT YOUR ESCROW OFFICER DOES

Receives and holds all funds for disbursement upon closing.

Serves as the communication link to all the parties involved in the escrow.

Requests title insurance commitment to send to you for approval.

Requests a statement from the existing lender in order to pay off the loan at closing.

Prepares deeds and/or other documents required in the escrow and secures signatures.

Secures releases and other contingencies of record.

Closes escrow when all instructions have been carried out, which is accomplished by:

Recording of deeds and other documents as instructed.

Requesting issuance of title insurance to the buyer and/or lender.

Disbursing funds as authorized such as recording fees, proceeds to seller, etc.

Preparing final statements for the parties accounting for all of the funds deposited.

WHAT YOUR ESCROW OFFICER DOES NOT DO

Provide legal advice.

Negotiate the transaction.

Provide investment advice.

To see our 'Six Steps to a Successful Escrow', go to: www.yavapaititle.com/buyers-sellers/six-steps-to-a-successful-escrow



Do You Really Need Title Insurance?

Do You Really Need Title Insurance? Without it, you could lose your most valuable asset—your home!

If you have recently purchased or refinanced a home, chances are you have had to get title insurance. What exactly does title insurance cover, and who does it protect—the homeowner or the lender? Do you need title insurance on refinance if you bought title insurance when you purchased your home? Here are answers to those important questions, as well as helpful advice on title insurance, and whether or not you need it.

Basically, title insurance protects you against problems affecting the title to your home. There are two types of title insurance—a Loan Policy, and an Owner's Policy. A Loan Policy protects the lender for the amount of the loan. While the Owner's Policy protects you, the homeowner, for your investment in the property—your equity. In both cases, the title process covers an exhaustive search of public records to make certain the title to the subject property is clear, and covers against future loss if a claim against the property is made.

While discovering an issue with your title can seem rather remote, one out of every four title searches reveals a problem with the title. Examples include tax liens, forged signatures in the chain of title, recording errors, title search errors, undisclosed easements and title claims by missing heirs and/or ex-spouses. These problems would be uncovered in a title search before you even close on your home.

Even after an exhaustive title search is performed and a title policy issued, sometimes a problem may surface that can threaten your home. If you only have a lender's policy, where the outstanding loan is covered, your equity is not protected. A separate Owner's Policy would protect you—for as long as you or your heirs have an interest in the property.

In regards to refinancing your home, some homeowners have questioned whether or not they need a new title policy when they refinance. The answer is, you won't need a new Owner's Policy, but a lender will require a new Loan Policy because a title search must be performed covering the time since the last policy was issued. It is interesting to note that, even after a title search has been completed, a second search is done just before recording the deed to make sure nothing has affected the title since the initial search, even if it's only been a few weeks.

Although somewhat remote, there is the chance that unforeseen problems might exist such as a mechanic's lien from a contractor who claims he/she has not been paid, or a judgment placed on your house for unpaid taxes. The lender will understandably want to make sure the title to the property they are financing is clear.

Rates sometimes vary, and you can certainly shop around for the best rates. With the advent of the practice of "bundling" fees into one loan and settlement package, you should be sure to ask if Owner's title insurance is included.

In some states, the seller actually pays for Owner's coverage. Be sure to ask about an Owner's Policy at the time you obtain a Loan Policy.

Remember, title insurance protects you against the potential loss of your most valuable asset—your home.

For more information on the title insurance industry, please visit the American Land Title Association website at www.alta.org.

Customary Closing Costs for Arizona

For an Escrow or Title quote, please reference our Office Directory to contact us.

	Conventional	FHA	VA	Cash
Escrow Fee	Each pay 1/2	Each pay 1/2	Each pay 1/2	Each pay 1/2
Recording and Affidavit Fees	Seller & Buyer	Seller & Buyer	Seller & Buyer	Seller & Buyer
HOA Assoc. Transfer Fee/Dues	Per Contract	Per Contract	Per Contract	Per Contract
Real Estate Commission	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller
Existing Loan Payoff	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller
Accrued Interest on Existing Loan	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller
Owners Title Policy	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller
Release/Reconveyance Fee	Seller	Seller	Seller	Seller
Home Warranty Premium	Per Contract	Per Contract	Per Contract	Per Contract
Discount Points	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	
Appraisal Fee	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	
Down Payment	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer
Property Inspection	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer
Termite Inspection	Buyer	Buyer	Seller	Buyer
1st Year Insurance Premium	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer
Tax and Insurance Impounds	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	
Prepaid Interest	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	
Credit Report Fee	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	
Loan Origination Fee	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	
Next Months PITI Payment	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	
Lender's ALTA Title Policy	Buyer	Buyer	Buyer	
FHA—MIP	Buyer			
VA Funding Fee			Buyer	
Lenders Document Prep. Fee	Buyer	Buyer	Seller	
Tax Service Contract Fee	Buyer	Seller	Seller	
Lenders Misc. Fees	Buyer	Buyer	Seller	
PMI	Buyer		1	

♦ This form represents "Customary" costs only, Some of which may be negotiable.



Area Service Providers

Banking Facilities		Barta altitud area essere	
Arizona State Savings CU	(900) 471 1000	Medical Facilities	(000) <0.4 00==
Bank of America	(800) 671-1098	Camp Verde Medical Center	(928) 634-2251
Chase	(800) 432-1000 (877) 68CHASE	Yavapai Regional	(0.50)
Compass Bank		Medical Center	(928) 445-2700
National Bank of Arizona	(800) 239-4357	N. Le	
(Sedona)	(030) 304 1060	Natural Gas	(2000)
	(928) 204-1060	Unisource Energy Services	(877) 837-4968
(Camp Verde)	(928) 567-2404	www.uesaz.com	
(Cotonwood)	(928) 634-1222	_	
Country Bank	(928) 639-0020	<u>Propane</u>	
M&I	(928) 282-2277	AmeriGas	(800) 263-7442
Wells Fargo	(928) 634-4221	www.amerigas.com	
Yavapai Federal CU	(9 2 8) 634-8502	Flame Propane	(928) 567-4099
<u>Cable</u>		Police (non-emergency)	
Cable	(928) 445-4511	Animal Control	(928) 282-3100
Comcast	(888) 817-4869	Administration	(928) 282-3102
Cox	(855) 286-2097	Road Conditions	511
Direct TV	(800) 769-7389	Sedona Police	(928) 282-3100
Suddenlink Comunications	(877) 612-5036	Cottonwod Police	(928) 634-4246
	(***) ***	Camp Verde Police	(928) 000-0000
City		camp verde i once	(928) 000-0000
Camp Verde	(928) 554-0000	Post Office	
Cottonwood	(928) 634-5526	Main Ofice (86336)	(070) 707 7511
Sedona	(928) 282-3113	West (86340)	(928) 282-3511
	(220) 202-3113	Village of Oak Creek (86351)	(928) 282-3482
Chamber of Commerce		Cottonwood	(928) 284-3506
Camp Verde	(928) 567-9294	Camp Verde	(928) 634-9526 (928) 567-2175
Cottonwood	(928) 634-7593	Camp verue	(928) 567-3175
Sedona	(928) 282-7722	Social Consults Administration	
	(720) 202-7722	Social Security Administration	
County		US Social Security	(800) 772-1213
Yavapai County	(928) 771-3100	Tolombono	
up at county	(320) 771-3100	Telephone	(F00) 004 0004
Department of Motor Vehicle	3	Century Link	(509) 381-0903
MVD	(800) 251-5866	Treach Domovel	
	(000) 231-3600	Trash Removal	(000) 005 (040
Electric		Waste Management	(928) 925-6249
Arizona Public Services (APS	S) (800) 252 0405	Taylor Waste	(928) 649-2662
ww.aps.com	3) (000) 233-3403	Vatara Danistusii	
ww.aps.com		Voters Registration	(n=0) == (1 =
Fire Departments (non emerc		Yavapai County	(928) 771-3248
Fire Departments (non-emerg Sedona Fire District		TAT 1 10 C 1 (TT-111-1	
Cottonwood Fire District	(928) 282-6800	Water/Sewer Services (Utilitie	
	(928) 634-2741	Arizona Water Company	(928) 282-5555
Camp Verde Fire District	(928) 567-6335	Big Park Water Co	(928) 284-2298
Lilamaniaa		Oak Creek Water Co	(928) 282-3404
<u>Libraries</u>	(000) ECT 044.6	Pine Valley Water Co	(928) 284-1819
CampVerde	(928) 567-3414		
Cottonwood	(928) 634-7559		
- Lodono	2070) BOA 4200		

(928) 284-1603

Sedona

PRE-QUALIFICATION FORM

Document updated: February2017



The pre-printed portion of this form has been drafted by the Arizona Association of REALTORS®. Any change in the pre-printed language of this form must be made in a prominent manner. No representations ere made as to the legal validity, adequacy and/or effects of any provision, including tax consequences thereof. If you desire legal, tax or other professional advice, please consult your attorney, tax advisor or professional consultant.



Your actual rate, payment, and costs could be higher. Get an official Loan Estimate before choosing a loan.

	PRE-QUALIFICATION INFORMATION	-			-	
1. 2.	Purpose: This Pre-Qualification Form is to be used in conjunction with an AAR Residential Resale Real Estate Purchase Contract or Vacant Land/Lot Purchase Contract ("Contract").					
3.	☐ Buyer HAS NOT consulted with a lender. (If Buyer ma	arks the box on line	3, Buyer is to complete	only lines 4 and	5.)	
4.	PRINT BUYER'S NAME	PRINT B	PRINT BUYER'S NAME			
5.	^BUYER'S SIGNATURE MO/DAYR	^ BUYEF	r'S SIGNATURE	1	MO/DA/YR	
6.	Lender indicated on lines 36 and 37 has consulted w	ith		("Buyer") and s	ubmits the following:	
7.				_ (Bayor) and o	abilito tro lonowing.	
	Buyer: is is not relying on the sa	, , ,		oan.		
	Buyer: s not relying on Seller				Company costs,	
10.	recording fees, and, if applicab	le, VA loan costs not	permitted to be paid b	y Buyer. (Note: T	he amount Seller	
11.	agrees to contribute, if any, sha			The same of the sa		
	Buyer: ☐ is ☐ is not relying on down			The same		
	Type of Loan: Conventional FHA					
		Secondary		No.		
15.	Property Type: Single Family Residence	Condominium 🗌	Planned Unit Develop	ment 🗌 Manu	factured Home	
16.	☐ Mobile Home	Vacant Land/Lot 🔲	Other:			
17.	YES NO N/A Lender provided Buyer with the HUD	form "For Vour Drot	action, Cat a Home Inc.	naatian" (⊏UA laa	ana anka)	
17. 18.	Lender provided Buyer with the Hob					
19.	Lender obtained a Tri-Merged Resid		ig a discussion of moor	no, acceto ana a	5515.	
	Based on the information provided, Buyer can pre-qu		unt of: \$	assuming a	monthly principal	
21.			nthly payment (which i			
	insurance, property taxes, insurance, HOA fees, and floor				i, interest, mortgage	
	Interest rate not to exceed:					
24.					, ,	
	YES NO N/A	YES NO		accumentation	lay bo roquoctoay.	
25.	Paystubs			Reserves Docun	nentation	
26. 27.	☐ ☐ W-2s ☐ ☐ Personal Tax Returns		Gift Documenta Credit/Liability [
≥7. 28.	Corporate Tax Returns		Other:			
	Additional comments:					
∠9. 30.		status undates on th	e AAR Loan Status Un	date form to Selli	er and Broker(s)	
	within ten (10) days of Contract acceptance pursuant to S				5. G.1G 5. 6.(0)	
	LENDER INFORMATION		• •			
32.	The Lender identified below has prepared the information	listed above with B	uyer(s) and has comple	ted the above ac	tion points noted.	
33.	This information does not constitute loan approval. All info	rmation provided m	ust be approved by an i	underwriter, and	any material change	
	in Buyer's credit or financial profile will render this pre-qua	alification null and vo	id.			
35.	The above pre-qualification expires on:		·			
36	Lender:					
	COMPANY	ARI	ZONA LICENSE #	NMLS #		
37.						
00	LOAN OFFICER	ARI	ZONA LICENSE #	NMLS #		
38.	ADDRESS	CITY		STATE	ZIP	
39.						
	EMAIL	PHONE		FAX		
40.	^ LOAN OFFICER'S SIGNATURE MI	D/DA/YR				
41.			ker to submit this Dro.	Qualification Fo	rm with Contract	
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42.	^BUYER'S SIGNATURE MO/DA/YR	^BUYER'S	SIGNATURE		MO/DA/YR	
	Pre-Qualification Form • Updated: February 2017 • C			All rights reserved.		

LOAN STATUS UPDATE (LSU)

Document updated: February 2017



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REALTOR	EQUIT, HOUSE &
REALTOR	ECUN, HOUSE G GEORTUN TY

1. 2. 3.	Pursuant to Section 2e of the Contract, Buyer shall deliver to Sestatus of Buyer's proposed loan within ten (10) days after ContractUSU to Broker(s) and Seller upon request. "Lender" is indicated	act acceptance and h	tatus Update ("LSU' nereby instructs lend	') describing the current der to provide an updated
4.	Lender:			
-	COMPANY	ARIZONA LICENSE	#	NMLS #
5.	LOAN OFFICER	ARIZONA LICENSE	#	NMLS #
6.	ADDRESS	CITY		STATE ZIP
7.	EMAIL	PHONE		FAX
8.	Close of Escrow Date:			
9.	Buyer(s):			
10.				
11.	Premises/Property Address or Assessor's #(s):			
12.	City:		,AZ	ZIP Code:
	PRE-QUALIFICATION INFORMATION			
13.	Buyer is: Married Unmarried Lega	lly Separated		
14.	Buyer: ☐ is ☐ is not relying on the sale or le	ase of a property to d		
15.		ssions for Buyer's loa	an costs, impounds,	Title/Escrow Company
16.		itted to be paid by Bu	yer. (Note: The amo	unt that Seller agrees to
17.	contribute, if any, shall be established in the Contract.)			
18.	Buyer: ☐ is ☐ is not relying on down payme	ent assistance to qua	lify for this loan.	
19.	Type of Loan: Conventional FHA VA	USDA 🗌 Other:		
20.	Occupancy Type: Primary Secon	dary 🗌 Non-C	Owner Occupied	
21.	Property Type: Single Family Residence Condo	minium Plann	ed Unit Developmer	nt Manufactured Home
22.		Land/Lot 🗍 Other:		_
	YES NO N/A			
23.	Lender has provided Buyer with the HUD for	orm "For Your Protect	tion: Get a Home In	spection" (FHA loans only).
24. 25.	Lender has completed a verbal discussion Lender has obtained a Tri-Merged Reside			come, assets and debts.
26.	Based on the information provided, Buyer can pre-qualif	'		
27.	assuming a monthly principal and interest loan payment of \$payment(which includes principal, interest, mortgage insurance,	•	provided tha	t the total monthly
28.	payment (which includes principal, interest, mortgage insurance,	property taxes, insura	nce, HOA fees, and	flood insurance,
29.	if applicable) does not exceed: \$			
30.	Interest rate not to exceed:	erest Rate 🔲 Adju	istable Interest Rate	Pre-Payment Penalty
31.	Initial Documentation Received: Lender received the following	information from Buy	er (Additional docun	nentation may be requested.):
	YES NO N/A	YES NO N/A		
32.	Paystubs		Down Payment/Res	serves Documentation
33.	□ □ W-2s		Gift Documentation	
34.	Personal Tax Returns		Credit/Liability Docu	
35.	Corporate Tax Returns		Other:	
36.	Additional comments:			
37.	Buyer has instructed, and Lender agrees to provide loan status u	updates on this AAR I	Loan Status Update	form to Seller and Broker(s)
38.	within ten (10) days of Contract acceptance pursuant to Section	2e of the Contract a	nd upon request the	ereafter.
39.	Buyer commits to work with the above referenced Lender on the	terms described herei	in. Buyer acknowled	ges receipt of a copy hereof.
40	A RUYER'S SIGNATURE MO/DA/YE	A BUVER'S SIGN	JATURE	MO(DA/YR

		Property Address or Assessor's #(s):		
	DOCUM	ENTATION	DATE	LENDER
	YES NO		COMPLETED	LENDER INITIALS
		Lender received the Contract and all Addenda	_/_/	
		Lender received Buyer's name, income, social security number, Premises address,		
		estimate of value of the Premises, and mortgage loan amount sought	_/_/	
		Lender sent Loan Estimate	_/_/	
		,		
		received the Loan Estimate		
		Lender received a signed Form 1003 and Lender disclosures		
		Payment for the appraisal has been received		
		Lender ordered the appraisal	_/_/	1
		Lender identified down payment source	_/_/_	1
		Lender received and reviewed the Title Commitment		1
		Buyer locked the loan program and financing terms, including interest rate and points		
		Lock expiration date		
		Lender received the Initial Documentation listed on lines 32-35	_/_/_	
		Appraisal received		
		Premises/Property appraised for at least the purchase price		
,		Closing Disclosure provided to Buyer		1
		Closing Disclosure received by Buyer		
	UNDERW	RITING AND APPROVAL		
		Lender submitted the loan package to the Underwriter		
		Lender obtained loan approval with Prior to Document ("PTD") Conditions		
1		Appraisal conditions have been met		
		Buyer has loan approval without PTD Conditions	_/_/	
	CLOSIN			
		Lender ordered the Closing Loan Documents and Instructions	_/_/	
		Lender received signed Closing Loan Documents from all parties	_/_/_	
		All Lender Quality Control Reviews have been completed	_/_/_	
		All Prior to Funding ("PTF") Conditions have been met and Buyer has obtained		
		loan approval without conditions		
		Funds have been ordered	_/_/	
		All funds have been received by Escrow Company	_/_/_	
	Close of e	escrow occurs when the deed has been recorded at the appropriate county recor	der's office.	

BUYER ATTACHMENT

Document updated: February 2020



This attachment should be given to the Buyer prior to the submission of any offer and is not part of the Residential Resale Real Estate Purchase Contract's terms.





ATTENTION BUYER!

You are entering into a legally binding agreement.

1.	Read the entire contract <i>before</i> you sign it.
2.	Review the Residential Seller's Property Disclosure Statement (See Section 4a). • This information comes directly from the Seller. • Investigate any blank spaces, unclear answers or any other information that is important to you.
3.	Review the Inspection Paragraph (see Section 6a). If important to you, hire a qualified: • General home inspector • Heating/cooling inspector • Mold inspector • Pest inspector • Pool inspector • Roof inspector Verify square footage (see Section 6b) Verify the property is on sewer or septic (see Section 6f)
4.	Confirm your ability to obtain insurance and insurability of the property during the inspection period with your insurance agent (see Sections 6a and 6e).
5.	Apply for your home loan now, if you have not done so already, and provide your lender with all requested information (see Section 2f).
	It is your responsibility to make sure that you and your lender follow the timeline requirements in Section 2, and that you and your lender deliver the necessary funds to escrow in sufficient time to allow escrow to close on the agreed upon date. Otherwise, the Seller may cancel the contract and you may be liable for damages.
6.	Read the title commitment within five (5) days of receipt (see Section 3c).
7.	Read the CC&R's and all other governing documents within five (5) days of receipt (see Section 3c), especially if the home is in a homeowner's association.
8.	Conduct a thorough pre-closing walkthrough (see Section 6I). If the property is unacceptable, speak up. After the closing may be too late.
Yo	u can obtain information through the Buyer's Advisory at www.aaronline.com/manage-risk/buyer-advisory-3/.
of	member, you are urged to consult with an attorney, inspectors, and experts of your choice in any area interest or concern in the transaction. Be cautious about verbal representations, advertising claims, and ormation contained in a listing. Verify anything important to you.

WARNING: *WIRE TRANSFER FRAUD*

Beware of wiring instructions sent via email. Cyber criminals may hack email accounts and send emails with fake wiring instructions. *Always independently confirm wiring instructions prior to wiring any money.* Do not email or transmit documents that show bank account numbers or personal identification information.



RESIDENTIAL RESALE REAL ESTATE PURCHASE CONTRACT

Document updated: February 2020



The pre-printed portion of this form has been drafted by the Arizona Association of REALTORS®. Any change in the pre-printed language of this form must be made in a prominent manner. No representations are made as to the legal validity, adequacy and/or effects of any provision, including tax consequences thereof. If you desire legal, tax or other professional advice, please consult your attorney, tax advisor or professional consultant.

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REALTOR	OPPORTUNITY

		1. PROPERTY
1a.	1.	BUYER: BUYER'S NAME(S)
	2.	SELLER: or as identified in section 9c.
		Buyer agrees to buy and Seller agrees to sell the real property with all improvements, fixtures, and appurtenances thereon or incidental thereto, plus the personal property described herein (collectively the "Premises").
lb.		Premises Address: Assessor's #:
		City: AZ. Zip Code:
		Legal Description:
1c.		\$Full Purchase Price, paid as outlined below
	11.	\$Earnest Money
	12.	\$
		\$
	14.	
	15.	
	16	
		Earnest Money is in the form of: Personal Check Wire Transfer Other
		Upon acceptance of this offer, the Earnest Money, if any, will be deposited with: Escrow Company Broker's Trust Account.
14	20.	IF THIS IS AN ALL CASH SALE: A Letter of Credit or a source of funds from a financial institution documenting the availability of funds to close escrow is attached hereto.
ld.	22.	Close of Escrow: Close of Escrow ("COE") shall occur when the deed is recorded at the appropriate county recorder's office. Buyer and Seller shall comply with all terms and conditions of this Contract, execute and deliver to Escrow Company all closing documents, and perform all other acts necessary in sufficient time to allow COE to occur on
	24.	MONTH
	26. 27.	Buyer shall deliver to Escrow Company a cashier's check, wired funds or other immediately available funds to pay any down payment, additional deposits or Buyer's closing costs, and instruct the lender, if applicable, to deliver immediately available funds to Escrow Company, in a sufficient amount and in sufficient time to allow COE to occur on the COE Date.
		Buyer acknowledges that failure to pay the required closing funds by the scheduled COE, if not cured after a cure notice is delivered pursuant to Section 7a, shall be construed as a material breach of this Contract and the Earnest Money shall be subject to forfeiture.
	31.	All funds are to be in U.S. currency.
1e.		Possession: Seller shall deliver possession, occupancy, existing keys and/or means to operate all locks, mailbox, security
	34.	system/alarms, and all common area facilities to Buyer at COE or Broker(s) recommend that the parties seek independent counsel from insurance, legal, tax, and accounting professionals regarding the risks of pre-possession or post-possession of the Premises.
1f.		
		Residential Resale Real Estate Purchase Contract • Updated: February 2020
		Copyright © 2020 Arizona Association of REALTORS®. All rights reserved.
	S	ELLER SELLER Page 1 of 10 BUYER BUYER

1g.	40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54.	 central vacuum, hose, and attachments draperies and other window coverings fireplace equipment (affixed) floor coverings (affixed) free-standing range/oven garage door openers and remotes light fixtures mailbox shall be transferred (i.e., video doorbell, automated thermostat) speakers (flush-mounted) in-ground pool and spa/hot tub equipment and covers (including any mechanical or storm windows and doors stoves: gas-log, pellet, wood-buming timers (affixed) timers (affixed) towel, curtain and drapery rods wall mounted TV brackets and hardware (excluding TVs) water-misting systems window and doors storm windows and doors stoves: gas-log, pellet, wood-buming timers (affixed) towel, curtain and drapery rods wall mounted TV brackets and hardware (excluding TVs) water-misting systems window and door screens, sun shades in-ground pool and spa/hot tub equipment security and/or fire systems and/or alarms and covers (including any mechanical or water purification systems
	56.	
		washer (description):
	58.	
		above-ground spa/hot tub including equipment, covers, and any mechanical or other cleaning systems (description):
		other personal property not otherwise addressed (description):
	62.	other personal property not otherwise addressed (description):
	63. 64. 65. 66.	Additional existing personal property included shall not be considered part of the Premises and shall be transferred with no monetary value, and free and clear of all liens or encumbrances. Leased items shall NOT be included in this sale. Seller shall deliver notice of all leased items within three (3) days after Contract acceptance. Buyer shall provide notice of any leased items disapproved within the Inspection Period or five (5) days after receipt of the notice, whichever is later.
	68.	IF THIS IS AN ALL CASH SALE: Section 2 does not apply - go to Section 3. 2. FINANCING
2a.	69.	Pre-Qualification: An AAR Pre-Qualification Form is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference.
2b.	70. 71. 72. 73. 74.	Loan Contingency: Buyer's obligation to complete this sale is contingent upon Buyer obtaining loan approval without Prior to Document ("PTD") conditions no later than three (3) days prior to the COE Date for the loan described in the AAR Loan Status Update ("LSU") form or the AAR Pre-Qualification Form, whichever is delivered later. No later than three (3) days prior to the COE Date, Buyer shall either: (i) sign all loan documents; or (ii) deliver to Seller or Escrow Company notice of loan approval without PTD conditions AND date(s) of receipt of Closing Disclosure(s) from Lender; or (iii) deliver to Seller or Escrow Company notice of inability to obtain loan approval without PTD conditions.
2c.	77. 78. 79. 80. 81.	Unfulfilled Loan Contingency: This Contract shall be cancelled and Buyer shall be entitled to a return of the Earnest Money if after diligent and good faith effort, Buyer is unable to obtain loan approval without PTD conditions and delivers notice of inability to obtain loan approval no later than three (3) days prior to the COE Date. If Buyer fails to deliver such notice, Seller may issue a cure notice to Buyer as required by Section 7a and, in the event of Buyer's breach, Seller shall be entitled to the Earnest Money pursuant to Section 7b. If, prior to expiration of any Cure Period, Buyer delivers notice of inability to obtain loan approval, Buyer shall be entitled to a return of the Earnest Money. Buyer acknowledges that prepaid items paid separately from the Earnest Money are not refundable.
2d.	84. 85.	Interest Rate / Necessary Funds: Buyer agrees that (i) the inability to obtain loan approval due to the failure to lock the interest rate and "points" by separate written agreement with the lender; or (ii) the failure to have the down payment or other funds due from Buyer necessary to obtain the loan approval without conditions and close this transaction is not an unfulfilled loan contingency.
2e.	88.	Loan Status Update: Buyer shall deliver to Seller the LSU, with at a minimum lines 1-40 completed, describing the current status of the Buyer's proposed loan within ten (10) days after Contract acceptance and instruct lender to provide an updated LSU to Broker(s) and Seller upon request.
		>>
		D. 11 11 D. 1 D. 1 D. 1 D. 1 D. 1 D. 1

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Residential Resale Real Estate Purchase Contract >>

2f.	91.	Loan Application: Unless previously completed, within three (3) days after Contract acceptance Buyer shall (i) provide lender with Buyer's name, income, social security number, Premises address, estimate of value of the Premises, and mortgage loan amount sought; and (ii) grant lender permission to access Buyer's Trimerged Residential Credit Report.
2g.	94. 95.	Loan Processing During Escrow: Within ten (10) days after receipt of the Loan Estimate Buyer shall (i) provide lender with notice of intent to proceed with the loan transaction in a manner satisfactory to lender; and (ii) provide to lender all requested signed disclosures and the documentation listed in the LSU at lines 32-35. Buyer agrees to diligently work to obtain the loan and will promptly provide the lender with all additional documentation requested.
2h.	97. 98.	Type of Financing: Conventional FHA VA USDA Assumption Seller Carryback (If financing is to be other than new financing, see attached addendum.)
2i.	99.	Loan Costs: All costs of obtaining the loan shall be paid by Buyer, unless otherwise provided for herein.
2j.	101.	Seller Concessions (if any): In addition to the other costs Seller has agreed to pay herein, Seller will credit Buyer% of the Purchase Price OR \$ (Seller Concessions). The Seller Concessions may be used for any Buyer fee, cost, charge, or expenditure to the extent allowed by Buyer's lender.
2k.	104. 105.	Changes: Buyer shall immediately notify Seller of any changes in the loan program, financing terms, or lender described in the Pre-Qualification Form attached hereto or LSU provided within ten (10) days after Contract acceptance and shall only make any such changes without the prior written consent of Seller if such changes do not adversely affect Buyer's ability to obtain loan approval without PTD conditions, increase Seller's closing costs, or delay COE.
21.	108. 109.	Appraisal Contingency: Buyer's obligation to complete this sale is contingent upon an appraisal of the Premises acceptable to lender for at least the purchase price. If the Premises fail to appraise for the purchase price in any appraisal required by lender, Buyer has five (5) days after notice of the appraised value to cancel this Contract and receive a return of the Earnest Money or the appraisal contingency shall be waived, unless otherwise prohibited by federal law.
2m.	111.	Appraisal Cost(s): Initial appraisal fee shall be paid by Buyer Other
	113.	at the time payment is required by lender and is non-refundable. If Seller is paying the initial appraisal fee, the fee will will not be applied against Seller's Concessions at COE, if applicable. If Buyer's lender requires an updated appraisal prior to COE, it will be performed at Buyer's expense. Any appraiser/lender required inspection cost(s) shall be paid for by Buyer.
	117.	performed at Dayer's expense. Any appraise mender required inspectation cost(s) shall be paid for by Dayer.
	117.	3. TITLE AND ESCROW
За.	115.	
За.	115.	3. TITLE AND ESCROW Escrow: This Contract shall be used as escrow instructions. The Escrow Company employed by the parties to carry out the
За.	115. 116.	3. TITLE AND ESCROW Escrow: This Contract shall be used as escrow instructions. The Escrow Company employed by the parties to carry out the terms of this Contract shall be: ESCROW/TITLE COMPANY
За.	115. 116. 117.	STATE 2. TITLE AND ESCROW Escrow: This Contract shall be used as escrow instructions. The Escrow Company employed by the parties to carry out the terms of this Contract shall be: ESCROW/TITLE COMPANY ADDRESS CITY STATE ZIP
	115. 116. 117. 118.	Escrow: This Contract shall be used as escrow instructions. The Escrow Company employed by the parties to carry out the terms of this Contract shall be: ESCROW/TITLE COMPANY ADDRESS CITY STATE ZIP EMAIL PHONE FAX
	115. 116. 117. 118. 119.	STATE 2. TITLE AND ESCROW Escrow: This Contract shall be used as escrow instructions. The Escrow Company employed by the parties to carry out the terms of this Contract shall be: ESCROW/TITLE COMPANY ADDRESS CITY STATE ZIP

Residential Resale Real Estate Purchase Contract >>

3d.	134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141.	Additional Instructions: (i) Escrow Company shall promptly furnish notice of pending sale that contains a Buyer to any homeowner's association(s) in which the Premises are located. (ii) If Escrow Company is also but is not the title insurer issuing the title insurer policy, Escrow Company shall deliver to Buyer and Sel closing protection letter from the title insurer indemnifying Buyer and Seller for any losses due to fraudulent instructions by Escrow Company. (iii) All documents necessary to close this transaction shall be executed Buyer in the standard form used by Escrow Company. Escrow Company shall modify such documents to consistent with this Contract. (iv) Escrow Company fees, unless otherwise stated herein, shall be allocated. Buyer. (v) Escrow Company shall send to all parties and Broker(s) copies of all notices and communication and Broker(s). (vi) Escrow Company shall provide Broker(s) access to escrowed materials and information If an Affidavit of Disclosure is provided, Escrow Company shall record the Affidavit at COE.	o acting as the ler, upon depot acts or bread promptly by Sthe extent nect equally between directed to state the street of the content of the content acts and the content acts are content as the content acts are content acts and the content acts are content ac	e title agency osit of funds, a ch of escrow eller and essary to be een Seller and Seller, Buyer
3e.	143.	Tax Prorations: Real property taxes payable by Seller shall be prorated to COE based upon the latest to	ax information	available.
3f.	145. 146. 147.	Release of Earnest Money: In the event of a dispute between Buyer and Seller regarding any Earnest Escrow Company, Buyer and Seller authorize Escrow Company to release the Earnest Money pursuant of this Contract in its sole and absolute discretion. Buyer and Seller agree to hold harmless and indemnify any claim, action or lawsuit of any kind, and from any loss, judgment, or expense, including costs and attended in any way to the release of the Earnest Money.	to the terms ar y Escrow Com	nd conditions pany against
3g.	150.	Prorations of Assessments and Fees: All assessments and fees that are not a lien as of COE, including association fees, rents, irrigation fees, and, if assumed, insurance premiums, interest on assessments, in and service contracts, shall be prorated as of COE orOther:		
3h.		Assessment Liens: The amount of any assessment lien or bond including those charged by a special Community Facilities District, shall be prorated as of COE.	I taxing distric	t, such as a
		4. DISCLOSURE		
4a.	155.	Seller's Property Disclosure Statement ("SPDS"): Seller shall deliver a completed AAR Residentia within three (3) days after Contract acceptance. Buyer shall provide notice of any SPDS items disapproper Period or five (5) days after receipt of the SPDS, whichever is later.	I SPDS form to	o Buyer e Inspection
4b.	158. 159. 160.	Insurance Claims History: Seller shall deliver to Buyer a written five (5) year insurance claims history reclaims history for the length of time Seller has owned the Premises if less than five (5) years) from Seller's insurance support organization or consumer reporting agency, or if unavailable from these sources, from Safter Contract acceptance. Buyer shall provide notice of any items disapproved within the Inspection Peterceipt of the claims history, whichever is later.	insurance cor Seller, within fi	mpany or an ve (5) days
4c.	163. 164. 165.	Foreign Sellers: The Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act ("FIRPTA") is applicable if Seller is individual, foreign corporation, foreign partnership, foreign trust, or foreign estate ("Foreign Person"). Sign, and deliver to Escrow Company a certificate indicating whether Seller is a Foreign Person. FIRPT seller may have federal income taxes up to 15% of the purchase price withheld, unless an exception at for obtaining independent legal and fax advice.	eller agrees to A requires th	o complete, at a foreign
4d.	168. 169. 170. 171.	Lead-Based Paint Disclosure: If the Premises were built prior to 1978, Seller shall: (i) notify Buyer of a ("LBP") or LBP hazards in the Premises; (ii) provide Buyer with any LBP risk assessments or inspections possession; (iii) provide Buyer with the Disclosure of Information on Lead-Based Paint and Lead-Based Freport, records, pamphlets, and/or other materials referenced therein, including the pamphlet "Protect You Home" (collectively "LBP Information"). Buyer shall return a signed copy of the Disclosure of Information of Lead-Based Paint Hazards to Seller prior to COE.	of the Premis Paint Hazards, ur Family from	es in Seller's and any Lead in Your
		. LBP Information was provided prior to Contract acceptance and Buyer acknowledges the opportunity assessments or inspections during Inspection Period.	to conduct LB	P risk
	175.	. Seller shall provide LBP Information within five (5) days after Contract acceptance. Buyer may within t	en (10) days	
	177.	or days after receipt of the LBP Information conduct or obtain a risk assessment or inspection of presence of LBP or LBP hazards ("Assessment Period"). Buyer may within five (5) days after receipt of the (5) days after expiration of the Assessment Period cancel this Contract.		
	179. 180.	Buyer is further advised to use certified contractors to perform renovation, repair or painting projects that residential properties built before 1978 and to follow specific work practices to prevent lead contamination	disturb lead-b า.	ased paint in
	181.	If Premises were constructed prior to 1978, (BUYER'S INITIALS REQUIRED)	BUYER	BUYER
	182.	If Premises were constructed in 1978 or later, (BUYER'S INITIALS REQUIRED)	BUYER	BUYER
				>>
		Residential Resale Real Estate Purchase Contract • Updated: February 2020		

- 4e. 183. Affidavit of Disclosure: If the Premises are located in an unincorporated area of the county, and five (5) or fewer parcels of 184. property other than subdivided property are being transferred, Seller shall deliver a completed Affidavit of Disclosure in the form

 - 185. required by law to Buyer within five (5) days after Contract acceptance. Buyer shall provide notice of any Affidavit of Disclosure items
 - 186. disapproved within the Inspection Period or five (5) days after receipt of the Affidavit of Disclosure, whichever is later.
- 4f. 187. Changes During Escrow: Seller shall immediately notify Buyer of any changes in the Premises or disclosures made herein, 188. in the SPDS, or otherwise. Such notice shall be considered an update of the SPDS. Unless Seller is already obligated by this

 - 189. Contract or any amendments hereto, to correct or repair the changed item disclosed, Buyer shall be allowed five (5) days after
 - 190. delivery of such notice to provide notice of disapproval to Seller.

5. WARRANTIES

- 5a. 191. Condition of Premises: BUYER AND SELLER AGREE THE PREMISES ARE BEING SOLD IN ITS PRESENT PHYSICAL
 - 192. CONDITION AS OF THE DATE OF CONTRACT ACCEPTANCE. Seller makes no warranty to Buyer, either express or implied, as 193. to the condition, zoning, or fitness for any particular use or purpose of the Premises. However, Seller shall maintain and repair the

 - 194. Premises so that at the earlier of possession or COE: (i) the Premises, including all personal property included in the sale, will be in
 - 195. substantially the same condition as on the date of Contract acceptance; and (ii) all personal property not included in the sale and 196. debris will be removed from the Premises. Buyer is advised to conduct independent inspections and investigations regarding the
 - 197. Premises within the Inspection Period as specified in Section 6a. Buyer and Seller acknowledge and understand they may, but are

 - 198. not obligated to, engage in negotiations for repairs/improvements to the Premises. Any/all agreed upon repairs/improvements will be
 - 199. addressed pursuant to Section 6i.
- 5b. 200. Warranties that Survive Closing: Seller warrants that Seller has disclosed to Buyer and Broker(s) all material latent defects and 201. any information concerning the Premises known to Seller, excluding opinions of value, which materially and adversely affect the

 - 202. consideration to be paid by Buyer. Prior to COE, Seller warrants that payment in full will have been made for all labor, professional 203. services, materials, machinery, fixtures, or tools furnished within the 150 days immediately preceding COE in connection with the
 - 204. construction, alteration, or repair of any structure on or improvement to the Premises. Seller warrants that the information regarding
 - 205. connection to a sewer system or on-site wastewater treatment facility (conventional septic or alternative) is correct to the best of
 - 206. Seller's knowledge.
- 207. Buyer Warranties: Buyer warrants that Buyer has disclosed to Seller any information that may materially and adversely affect
- 208. Buyer's ability to close escrow or complete the obligations of this Contract. At the earlier of possession of the Premises or COE,
- 209. Buyer warrants to Seller that Buyer has conducted all desired independent inspections and investigations and accepts the Premises.
- 210. Buyer warrants that Buyer is not relying on any verbal representations concerning the Premises except disclosed as follows:
- 211.

6. DUE DILIGENCE

- 6a. 213. Inspection Period: Buyer's Inspection Period shall be ten (10) days or ______ days after Contract acceptance. During the 214. Inspection Period Buyer, at Buyer's expense, shall: (i) conduct all desired physical, environmental, and other types of inspections

 - 215. and investigations to determine the value and condition of the Premises; (ii) make inquiries and consult government agencies,
 - 216. lenders, insurance agents, architects, and other appropriate persons and entities concerning the suitability of the Premises and 217. the surrounding area; (iii) investigate applicable building, zoning, fire, health, and safety codes to determine any potential hazards,
 - 218. violations or defects in the Premises; and (iv) verify any material multiple listing service ("MLS") information. If the presence of 219. sex offenders in the vicinity or the occurrence of a disease, natural death, suicide, homicide or other crime on or in the vicinity is

 - 220. a material matter to Buyer, it must be investigated by Buyer during the Inspection Period. Buyer shall keep the Premises free and
 - 221. clear of liens, shall indemnify and hold Seller harmless from all liability, claims, demands, damages, and costs, and shall repair all
 - 222. damages arising from the inspections. Buyer shall provide Seller and Broker(s) upon receipt, at no cost, copies of all inspection 223. reports concerning the Premises obtained by Buyer. Buyer is advised to consult the Arizona Department of Real Estate Buyer
 - 224. Advisory to assist in Buyer's due diligence inspections and investigations.
- 6b. 225. Square Footage: BUYER IS AWARE THAT ANY REFERENCE TO THE SQUARE FOOTAGE OF THE PREMISES, BOTH THE
 - 226. REAL PROPERTY (LAND) AND IMPROVEMENTS THEREON, IS APPROXIMATE. IF SQUARE FOOTAGE IS A MATERIAL
 - 227. MATTER TO BUYER, IT MUST BE INVESTIGATED DURING THE INSPECTION PERIOD.
- 6c. 228. Wood-Destroying Organism or Insect Inspection: IF CURRENT OR PAST WOOD-DESTROYING ORGANISMS OR INSECTS
 - 229. (SUCH AS TERMITES) ARE A MATERIAL MATTER TO BUYER, THESE ISSUES MUST BE INVESTIGATED DURING THE
 - 230. INSPECTION PERIOD. Buyer shall order and pay for all wood-destroying organism or insect inspections performed during the
 - 231. Inspection Period. If the lender requires an updated Wood-Destroying Organism or Insect Inspection Report prior to COE, it will be
 - 232. performed at Buyer's expense.
- 6d. 233. Flood Hazard: FLOOD HAZARD DESIGNATIONS OR THE COST OF FLOOD HAZARD INSURANCE SHALL BE
 - 234. DETERMINED BY BUYER DURING THE INSPECTION PERIOD. If the Premises are situated in an area identified as having
 - 235. any special flood hazards by any governmental entity, THE LENDER MAY REQUIRE THE PURCHASE OF FLOOD HAZARD
 - 236. INSURANCE. Special flood hazards may also affect the ability to encumber or improve the Premises.

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BUYER BUYER

SELLER SELLER

6e.	238. 239.	Insurance: IF HOMEOWNER'S INSURANCE IS A MATERIAL MATTER TO BUYER, BUYER SHALL APPLY FOR AND OBTAIN WRITTEN CONFIRMATION OF THE AVAILABILITY AND COST OF HOMEOWNER'S INSURANCE FOR THE PREMISES FROM BUYER'S INSURANCE COMPANY DURING THE INSPECTION PERIOD. Buyer understands that any homeowner's, fire, casualty, flood or other insurance desired by Buyer or required by lender should be in place at COE.
6f.	241.	Sewer or On-site Wastewater Treatment System: The Premises are connected to a:
	242.	sewer system conventional septic system alternative system
	244.	IF A SEWER CONNECTION IS A MATERIAL MATTER TO BUYER, IT MUST BE INVESTIGATED DURING THE INSPECTION PERIOD. If the Premises are served by a conventional septic or alternative system, the AAR On-site Wastewater Treatment Facility Addendum is incorporated herein by reference.
	246.	(BUYER'S INITIALS REQUIRED) BUYER BUYER
6g.	248. 249.	Swimming Pool Barrier Regulations: During the Inspection Period, Buyer agrees to investigate all applicable state, county, and municipal Swimming Pool barrier regulations and agrees to comply with and pay all costs of compliance with said regulations prior to occupying the Premises, unless otherwise agreed in writing. If the Premises contains a Swimming Pool, Buyer acknowledges receipt of the Arizona Department of Health Services approved private pool safety notice.
	251.	(BUYER'S INITIALS REQUIRED) BUYER BUYER
6h.	253. 254. 255. 256. 257.	BUYER ACKNOWLEDGMENT: BUYER RECOGNIZES, ACKNOWLEDGES, AND AGREES THAT BROKER(S) ARE NOT QUALIFIED, NOR LICENSED, TO CONDUCT DUE DILIGENCE WITH RESPECT TO THE PREMISES OR THE SURROUNDING AREA. BUYER IS INSTRUCTED TO CONSULT WITH QUALIFIED LICENSED PROFESSIONALS TO ASSIST IN BUYER'S DUE DILIGENCE EFFORTS. BECAUSE CONDUCTING DUE DILIGENCE WITH RESPECT TO THE PREMISES AND THE SURROUNDING AREA IS BEYOND THE SCOPE OF BROKER'S EXPERTISE AND LICENSING, BUYER EXPRESSLY RELEASES AND HOLDS HARMLESS BROKER(S) FROM LIABILITY FOR ANY DEFECTS OR CONDITIONS THAT COULD HAVE BEEN DISCOVERED BY INSPECTION OR INVESTIGATION.
	259.	(BUYER'S INITIALS REQUIRED) BUYER BUYER
6i.	261. 262.	Inspection Period Notice: Prior to expiration of the Inspection Period, Buyer shall deliver to Seller a signed notice of any items disapproved. AAR's Buyer's Inspection Notice and Seller's Response form is available for this purpose. Buyer shall conduct all desired inspections and investigations prior to delivering such notice to Seller and all Inspection Period items disapproved shall be provided in a single notice.
6j.		Buyer Disapproval: If Buyer, in Buyer's sole discretion, disapproves of items as allowed herein, Buyer shall deliver to Seller a signed notice of the items disapproved and state in the notice that Buyer elects to either: (1) Immediately cancel this Contract, in which case:
	267.	(a) If Buyer's notice specifies disapproval of items as allowed herein, the Earnest Money shall be released to Buyer.
	268. 269. 270. 271. 272.	(b) If Buyer's notice fails to specify items disapproved as allowed herein, the cancellation will remain in effect but Buyer has failed to comply with a provision of this Contract and Seller may deliver to Buyer a cure notice as required by Section 7a. If Buyer fails to cure their non-compliance within three (3) days after delivery of such notice, Buyer shall be in breach and Seller shall be entitled to the Earnest Money. If, prior to expiration of the Cure Period, Buyer delivers notice specifying items disapproved as allowed herein, Buyer shall be entitled to a return of the Earnest Money.
	273.	OR
	274.	(2) Provide Seller an opportunity to correct the items disapproved, in which case:
	275. 276. 277.	(a) Seller shall respond in writing within five (5) days or days after delivery to Seller of Buyer's notice of items disapproved. Seller's failure to respond to Buyer in writing within the specified time period shall conclusively be deemed Seller's refusal to correct any of the items disapproved.
	278. 279. 280.	(b) If Seller agrees in writing to correct items disapproved, Seller shall correct the items, complete any repairs in a workmanlike manner and deliver any paid receipts evidencing the corrections and repairs to Buyer three (3) days or days prior to the COE Date.
	281. 282. 283. 284.	(c) If Seller is unwilling or unable to correct any of the items disapproved, Buyer may cancel this Contract within five (5) days after delivery of Seller's response or after expiration of the time for Seller's response, whichever occurs first, and the Earnest Money shall be released to Buyer. If Buyer does not cancel this Contract within the five (5) days as provided, Buyer shall close escrow without correction of those items that Seller has not agreed in writing to correct.
		VERBAL DISCUSSIONS WILL NOT EXTEND THESE TIME PERIODS. Only a written agreement signed by both parties will extend response times or cancellation rights.
	288.	BUYER'S FAILURE TO GIVE NOTICE OF DISAPPROVAL OF ITEMS OR CANCELLATION OF THIS CONTRACT WITHIN THE SPECIFIED TIME PERIOD SHALL CONCLUSIVELY BE DEEMED BUYER'S ELECTION TO PROCEED WITH THE TRANSACTION WITHOUT CORRECTION OF ANY DISAPPROVED ITEMS.
Г		Residential Resale Real Estate Purchase Contract • Updated: February 2020 Copyright © 2020 Arizona Association of REALTORS*. All rights reserved.

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6k.	291.	190. Home Warranty Plan: Buyer and Seller are advised to investigate the various home warranty p. 191. parties acknowledge that different home warranty plans have different coverage options, exclusions. 192. most plans exclude pre-existing conditions.		
		293. A Home Warranty Plan will be ordered by Buyer or Seller with the following optional covers		at a cost
	294.		otwoon Buss	at a cost
		195. Into to exceed \$, to be paid for by Buyer Seller Split everily be 296 Buyer declines the purchase of a Home Warranty Plan.	stween buye	er and Seller
			DED)	
	297.	97. (BUYER'S INITIALS REQUI	BUYE	R BUYER
61.	299. 300.	198. Walkthrough(s): Seller grants Buyer and Buyer's inspector(s) reasonable access to conduct walk 199. the purpose of satisfying Buyer that any corrections or repairs agreed to by Seller have been comp 1900. in substantially the same condition as of the date of Contract acceptance. If Buyer does not conduct to releases Seller and Broker(s) from liability for any defects that could have been discovered.	kthrough(s) o	of the Premises for ne Premises are
ôm.	303.	802. Seller's Responsibility Regarding Inspections and Walkthrough(s): Seller shall make the Pre 803. and walkthrough(s) upon reasonable notice by Buyer. Seller shall, at Seller's expense, have all util 804. until COE to enable Buyer to conduct these inspections and walkthrough(s).		
6n.	306. 307. 308.	1805. IRS and FIRPTA Reporting: The Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act ("FIRPTA") provided to the public of the public. Person, a buyer of residential real property must withhold federal income taxes up to 15% of the public. If FIRPTA is applicable and Buyer fails to withhold, Buyer may be held liable for the tax. But the seasonable or necessary to comply with FIRPTA and IRS reporting requirements and Buyer is response. It is applicable to the public of the public	urchase pricuyer agrees	e, unless an exceptior to perform any acts
		7. REMEDIES		
		7. REWEDIES		
7a.	311. 312. 313.	310. Cure Period: A party shall have an opportunity to cure a potential breach of this Contract. If a part 311. provision of this Contract, the other party shall deliver a notice to the non-complying party specifying 312. non-compliance is not cured within three (3) days after delivery of such notice ("Cure Period"), the 313. breach of Contract. If Escrow Company or recorder's office is closed on the last day of the Cure Period 314. to cure a potential breach, COE shall occur on the next day that both are open for business.	ng the non-co failure to cor	ompliance. If the mply shall become a
7b.	316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323.	Breach: In the event of a breach of Contract, the non-breaching party may cancel this Contract are breaching party in any claim or remedy that the non-breaching party may have in law or equity, subtract are selected. He solution obligations set forth herein. In the case of Seller, because it would be difficult to fix actuals. Buyer's breach, the Earnest Money may be deemed a reasonable estimate of damages and Seller the Earnest Money as Seller's sole right to damages; and in the event of Buyer's breach arising from the Earnest Money as Seller's sole right to obtain loan approval due to the waiver of the actual to Section 2l, Seller shall exercise this option and accept the Earnest Money as Seller's sole right to contingency is not a breach of Contract. The parties expressly agree that the failure of any party to conditions of Section 1d to allow COE to occur on the COE Date, if not cured after a cure notice is will constitute a material breach of this Contract, rendering the Contract subject to cancellation.	bject to the Aual damages remay, at Selom Buyer's fappraisal conto damages. It comply with	Alternative Dispute in the event of ller's option, accept ailure to deliver the attingency pursuant An unfulfilled the the terms and
7c.	326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332.	Alternative Dispute Resolution ("ADR"): Buyer and Seller agree to mediate any dispute or clair Contract in accordance with the REALTORS° Dispute Resolution System, or as otherwise agreed. equally by the parties. In the event that mediation does not resolve all disputes or claims, the unresures be submitted for binding arbitration. In such event, the parties shall agree upon an arbitrator and content and arbitration hearing. If the parties are unable to agree on an arbitrator, the dispute shall be submitted for binding arbitration with the AAA Arbitration Rules for the Real Estate Industry. The state in any submitted in any submitted proposed and in any submitted proposed able. Judgment on the award rendered by the arbitrator may be entered in any submitted proposed and proposed able. Notwithstanding the foregoing, either party may opt out of binding arbitration within thirty (30) days mediation conference by notice to the other and, in such event, either party shall have the right to resource.	All mediations and the All mediations and the All mediation of the All mediations are the court of correct after the control of the All mediations are the All mediations	on costs shall be paid tes or claims shall he scheduling of American Arbitration the arbitrator shall be inpetent jurisdiction. inclusion of the
7d.	335. 336. 337. 338. 339.	334. Exclusions from ADR: The following matters are excluded from the requirement for ADR hereun 335. Small Claims Division of an Arizona Justice Court (up to \$3,500) so long as the matter is not theres 36. the small claims division; (ii) judicial or nonjudicial foreclosure or other action or proceeding to enfo 37. agreement for sale; (iii) an unlawful entry or detainer action; (iv) the filing or enforcement of a mech 38. is within the jurisdiction of a probate court. Further, the filing of a judicial action to enable the record 39. ("lis pendens"), or order of attachment, receivership, injunction, or other provisional remedies shall 340. obligation to submit the claim to ADR, nor shall such action constitute a breach of the duty to media	after tránsfei orce a deed c nanic's lien; d ding of a not l not constitut	rred or removed from of trust, mortgage, or or (V) any matter that ice of pending action te a waiver of the
7e.	342.	341. Attorney Fees and Costs: The prevailing party in any dispute or claim between Buyer and Seller 342. Contract shall be awarded their reasonable attorney fees and costs. Costs shall include, without lin 343. witness fees, fees paid to investigators, and arbitration costs.		rney fees, expert
				>>

8. ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS **8a.** 344. _ 346. ____ 348. _ 349. _ 353. ___ 358. _ 360. __ 362. _ 363. __ 364. ___ 365. _ 366. _ 367. _ 368. -369. _ 370. . 371. _ 372. _ 373. _ 374. _ 375. _ 376. _ 377. _ 379. __ 381. ___ 382. ___ 384. __ 386. _ 387. ->>

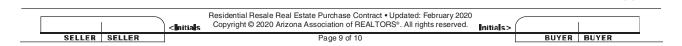
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Residential Resale Real Estate Purchase Contract >>

- 8b. 390. Risk of Loss: If there is any loss or damage to the Premises between the date of Contract acceptance and COE or possession,
 - 391. Whichever is earlier, by reason of fire, vandalism, flood, earthquake, or act of God, the risk of loss shall be on Seller, provided,
 - 392. however, that if the cost of repairing such loss or damage would exceed ten percent (10%) of the purchase price, either Seller or
 - 393. Buyer may elect to cancel the Contract.
- 8c. 394. Permission: Buyer and Seller grant Broker(s) permission to advise the public of this Contract.
- 8d. 395. Arizona Law: This Contract shall be governed by Arizona law and jurisdiction is exclusively conferred on the State of Arizona.
- 8e. 396. Time is of the Essence: The parties acknowledge that time is of the essence in the performance of the obligations described 397. herein.
- 8f. 398. Compensation: Seller and Buyer acknowledge that Broker(s) shall be compensated for services rendered as previously agreed by
 - 399. separate written agreement(s), which shall be delivered by Broker(s) to Escrow Company for payment at COE, if not previously paid.
 - 400. If Seller is obligated to pay Broker(s), this Contract shall constitute an irrevocable assignment of Seller's proceeds at COE. If Buyer 401. is obligated to pay Broker(s), payment shall be collected from Buyer as a condition of COE. COMMISSIONS PAYABLE FOR THE
 - 402. SALE, LEASING, OR MANAGEMENT OF PROPERTY ARE NOT SET BY ANY BOARD OR ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®, OR
 - 403. MULTIPLE LISTING SERVICE, OR IN ANY MANNER OTHER THAN BETWEEN BROKER AND CLIENT.
- 8g. 404. Copies and Counterparts: A fully executed facsimile or electronic copy of the Contract shall be treated as an original Contract.
 - 405. This Contract and any other documents required by this Contract may be executed by facsimile or other electronic means and in any
 - 406. number of counterparts, which shall become effective upon delivery as provided for herein, except that the Disclosure of Information 407. on Lead-Based Paint and Lead-Based Paint Hazards may not be signed in counterpart. All counterparts shall be deemed to

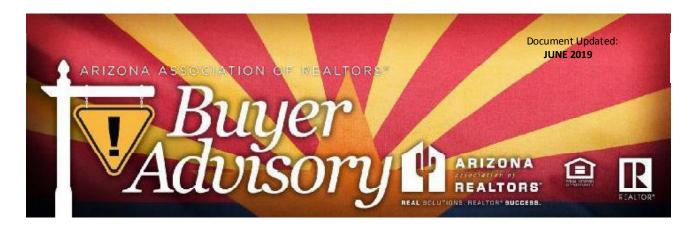
 - 408. constitute one instrument, and each counterpart shall be deemed an original
- 8h. 409. Days: All references to days in this Contract shall be construed as calendar days and a day shall begin at 12:00 a.m. and
 - 410. end at 11:59 p.m.
- 8i. 411. Calculating Time Periods: In computing any time period prescribed or allowed by this Contract, the day of the act or event from
 - 412. which the time period begins to run is not included and the last day of the time period is included. Contract acceptance occurs on the 413. date that the signed Contract (and any incorporated counter offer) is delivered to and received by the appropriate Broker. Acts that 414. must be performed three (3) days prior to the COE Date must be performed three (3) full days prior (i.e. if the COE Date is Friday

 - 415. the act must be performed by 11:59 p.m. on Monday).
- 8j. 416. Entire Agreement: This Contract, and any addenda and attachments, shall constitute the entire agreement between Seller and
 - 417. Buyer, shall supersede any other written or oral agreements between Seller and Buyer and can be modified only by a writing signed
 - 418. by Seller and Buyer. The failure to initial any page of this Contract shall not affect the validity or terms of this Contract.
- 8k. 419. Subsequent Offers: Buyer acknowledges that Seller has the right to accept subsequent offers until COE. Seller understands that
- 420. any subsequent offer accepted by Seller must be a backup offer contingent on the cancellation of this Contract.
- 81. 421. Cancellation: A party who wishes to exercise the right of cancellation as allowed herein may cancel this Contract by delivering
 - 422. notice stating the reason for cancellation to the other party or to Escrow Company. Cancellation shall become effective immediately
 - 423. upon delivery of the cancellation notice.
- 8m. 424. Notice: Unless otherwise provided, delivery of all notices and documentation required or permitted hereunder shall be in writing
 - 425. and deemed delivered and received when: (i) hand-delivered; (ii) sent via facsimile transmission; (iii) sent via electronic mail, if email
 - 426. addresses are provided herein; or (iv) sent by recognized overnight courier service, and addressed to Buyer as indicated in Section
 - 427. 8q, to Seller as indicated in Section 9a and to Escrow Company indicated in Section 3a.
- 8n. 428. Release of Broker(s): Seller and Buyer hereby expressly release, hold harmless and indemnify Broker(s) in this
 - 429. transaction from any and all liability and responsibility regarding financing, the condition, square footage, lot lines,
 - 430. boundaries, value, rent rolls, environmental problems, sanitation systems, roof, wood infestation, building codes,
 - 431. governmental regulations, insurance, price and terms of sale, return on investment or any other matter relating to the value
 - 432. or condition of the Premises. The parties understand and agree that Broker(s) do not provide advice on property as an
 - 433. investment and are not qualified to provide financial, legal, or tax advice regarding this real estate transaction.
- 434. (SELLER'S INITIALS REQUIRED) (BUYER'S INITIALS REQUIRED) SELLER SELLER BUYER BLIVER
- 8o. 435. Terms of Acceptance: This offer will become a binding Contract when acceptance is signed by Seller and a signed copy delivered
 - 436. in person, by mail, facsimile or electronically, and received by Broker named in Section 8q
 - at a.m./p.m.. Mountain Standard Time. 438. Buyer may withdraw this offer at any time prior to receipt of Seller's signed acceptance. If no signed acceptance is received by this
 - 439. date and time, this offer shall be deemed withdrawn and Buyer's Earnest Money shall be returned.
- 8p. 440. THIS CONTRACT CONTAINS TEN (10) PAGES EXCLUSIVE OF ANY ADDENDA AND ATTACHMENTS. PLEASE ENSURE
 - 441. THAT YOU HAVE RECEIVED AND READ ALL TEN (10) PAGES OF THIS OFFER AS WELL AS ANY ADDENDA AND
 - 442. ATTACHMENTS.



Residential Resale Real Estate Purchase Contract >>

8q.	443.	Broker on behalf of Buyer:					
	444.	PRINT AGENT'S NAME	AGEN	T MLS COD	E	AGENT STATE LI	CENSE NO.
	445.	PRINT AGENT'S NAME	AGEN	T MLS COD	E	AGENT STATE LI	CENSE NO.
	446.	PRINT FIRM NAME				FIRM MLS CODE	
	447.	FIRM ADDRESS		STATE	ZIP CODE	FIRM STATE LICE	ENSE NO.
	448.	PREFERRED TELEPHONE FAX		EMAIL			
8r.		Agency Confirmation: Broker named in Section ☐ Buyer; ☐ Seller; or ☐ both Buyer and Seller		ne agent of (check one):		
8s.	451.	The undersigned agree to purchase the Prem a copy hereof including the Buyer Attachmen	ises on the terr	ns and con	ditions herein st	tated and acknowle	dge receipt of
		^ BUYER'S SIGNATURE	MO/DA/YR	^ BUYER'S	SIGNATURE		MO/DA/YR
		^ BUYER'S NAME PRINTED		^ BUYER'S	NAME PRINTE		
	455.	ADDRESS		ADDRESS		1	
	456.	CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE	43	CITY, STA	TE, ZIP CODE		
		9. SELLER ACCEPTANCE	Ma.				
9a.	457.	Broker on behalf of Seller:					
	458.	PRINT AGENT'S NAME	AGEN	T MLS COD	E	AGENT STATE LI	CENSE NO.
	459.	PRINT AGENT'S NAME	AGEN	T MLS COD	E	AGENT STATE LI	CENSE NO.
	460.	PRINT FIRM NAME			FIRM MLS CODE	Ξ	
	461.	FIRM ADDRESS	STATE		ZIP CODE	FIRM STATE	LICENSE NO.
	462.	PREFERRED TELEPHONE FAX		EMAIL			
9b.		Agency Confirmation: Broker named in Section Seller; or □ both Buyer and Seller	n 9a above is th	e agent of (check one):		
9c.		The undersigned agree to sell the Premises copy hereof and grant permission to Broker					ceipt of a
	467. 468.	Offer. If there is a conflict between this offer a	d herein by refer and the Counter	ence. Seller Offer, the pi	must sign and de ovisions of the Co	eliver both this offer a ounter Offer shall be	and the Counter controlling.
	469.	^ SELLER'S SIGNATURE	MO/DA/YR	^ SELLER	S SIGNATURE		MO/DA/YR
	470.	^ SELLER'S NAME PRINTED		^ SELLER	S NAME PRINTE	ED	
	471.	ADDRESS		ADDRESS			
	472.	CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE		CITY, STA	TE, ZIP CODE		
	473.	OFFER REJECTED BY SELLER: MONTH		DAY	, 20	(SELLER'S I	NITIALS)
		For Broker Use Only: Brokerage File/Log NoI	Manager's Initia	s	_ Broker's Initials	s Date _	O/DA/YR



A Resource for Real Estate Consumers

Provided by the Arizona Association of REALTORS® and the Arizona Department of Real Estate

A real estate agent is vital to the purchase of real property and can provide a variety of services in locating a property, negotiating the sale, and advising the buyer.

A real estate agent is generally not qualified to discover defects or evaluate the physical condition of property; however, a real estate agent can assist a buyer in finding qualified inspectors and provide the buyer with documents and other resources containing vital information about a prospective property.

This Advisory is designed to make the purchase of real property as smooth as possible. Some of the more common issues that a buyer may decide to

investigate or verify concerning a property purchase are summarized in this Advisory. Included in this Advisory are:

- 1. Common documents a buyershould review;
- 2. Physical conditions in the property the buyer should investigate; and
- 3. Conditions affecting the surrounding area that the buyer should investigate.

In addition, a buyer must communicate to the real estate agents in the transaction any special concerns the buyer may have about the property or surrounding area, whether or not those issues are addressed in this Advisory.

Reminder:

This Advisory is supplemental to obtaining professional property inspections. Professional property inspections are absolutely essential: there is no practical substitute for a professional inspection as a measure to discover and investigate defects or shortcoming in a property.

Please Note:

The property may be subject to video and/or audio surveillance. Buyer should therefore exercise caution and not discuss features or pricing while in the home.



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BUYER

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Section 1

COMMON DOCUMENTS A BUYER SHOULD REVIEW

The documents listed below may not be relevant in every transaction, nor is the list exhaustive. Unless otherwise stated, the real estate broker has not independently verified the information contained in these documents.

1 Purchase Contract

Buyers should protect themselves by taking the time to read the real estate purchase contract and understand their legal rights and obligations before they submit an offer to buy a property. http://bit.ly/2kpUncl.

(AAR Sample Residential Resale Purchase Contract)

2 MLS Printout

A listing is a contractual agreement between the seller and the listing broker and may authorize the broker to submit information to the Multiple Listing Service (MLS). The MLS printout is similar to an advertisement. Neither the listing agreement nor the printout is a part of the purchase contract between the buyer and seller. The information in the MLS printout was probably secured from the seller, the builder, or a governmental agency, and could be inaccurate, incomplete or an approximation. Therefore, the buyer should verify any important information contained in the MLS.

3 The Subdivision Disclosure Report (Public Report)

A Subdivision Disclosure Report (Public Report) is intended to point out material information about a subdivision. Subdividers (any person who offers for sale or lease six or more lots in a subdivision or who causes land to be divided into a subdivision) are required to give buyers a Public Report. Read the Public Report before signing any contract to purchase property in a subdivision. Although some of the information may become outdated, subsequent buyers can also benefit from reviewing the Public Report. Public Reports dating from January 1, 1997, are available on the Arizona Department of Real Estate (ADRE) website.

http://services.azre.gov/publicdatabase/SearchDevelopments.aspx (ADRE Search Developments)

http://www.azre.gov/PublicInfo/PropertyBuyerChecklist.aspx(ADRE PropertyBuyer s Checklist)

ADRE does not verify the information in the Public Report. Therefore, the Report could be inaccurate, so it should be verified by the buyer.

4 Seller's Property Disclosure Statement (SPDS)

Most sellers provide a SPDS. This document poses a variety of questions for the seller to answer about the property and its condition. The real estate broker is not responsible for verifying the accuracy of the items on the SPDS; therefore, a buyer should carefully review the SPDS and verify those statements of concern.

A seller s disclosure obligation remains even if the buyer and seller agree that no Seller s Property Disclosure Statement will be provided.

http://bit.lv/2knrNOA (AAR Sample SPDS)

http://www.azre.gov/PublicInfo/PropertyBuyerChecklist.aspx (ADRE Property Buyer s Checklist)

5 Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions (CC&Rs)

The CC&Rs are recorded against the property and generally empower a homeowner's association to control certain aspects of property use within the development. By purchasing a property in such a development, the buyer agrees to be bound by the CC&Rs. The association, the property owners as a whole, and individual property owners can enforce the CC&Rs. It is essential that the buyer review and agree to these restrictions prior to purchasing a property.

http://www.azre.gov/PublicInfo/PropertyBuyerChecklist.aspx (ADRE Property Buyer s Checklist)

ADRE ADVISES:

Read the deed restrictions, also called CC&Rs (covenants, conditions and restrictions). You might find some of the CC&Rs are very strict.

Buyers should consult legal counsel if uncertain of the application of particular provisions in the CC&Rs.



6 Homeowners Association (HOA) Governing Documents

In addition to CC&Rs, HOAs may be governed by Articles of Incorporation, Bylaws, Rules and Regulations, and often architectural control standards. Read and understand these documents. Also, be aware that some HOAs impose fees that must be paid when the property is sold, so ask if the purchase of the property will result in any fees. Condominium and planned community HOAs are regulated by Arizona statutes. They are not under the jurisdiction of the Department of Real Estate (ADRE). Nonetheless, the Arizona s Homeowner's Association Dispute Process is administered by the ADRE.

http://bit.ly/2ebBSLH_and_http://bit.ly/2e8idM3_ (Chapter 16 and 18 of the Arizona Revised Statutes-Title 33) http://bit.ly/1rCq9kd_(ADRE HOA Information) http://www.re.state.az.us/HOA/HOA.aspx/ (Homeowners Association Dispute Process)

7 HOA Disclosures

If purchasing a resale home in a condominium or planned community, the seller (if fewer than 50 units in the community) or the HOA (if there are 50 or more units) must provide the buyer with a disclosure containing a variety of information.

http://bit.ly/2ebBSLH (A.R.S. § 33-1260) http://bit.ly/2e8idM3 (A.R.S. § 33-1806)

8 Community Facilities District

The Arizona Community Facilities District Act allows for the formation of a community facilities district (CFD) by a municipality or county for the purpose of constructing or acquiring a public infrastructure. It is important when purchasing property to determine whether it falls within the boundaries of a CFD as this may result in an additional tax burden upon the owner. While the presence of a CFD may be noted on the Residential Seller's Property Disclosure Statement, prospective buyers can further investigate the issue by contacting the treasurer's office or assessor's office for the county in which the property is located.

9 Title Report or Title Commitment

The title report or commitment contains important information and is provided to the buyer by the

title/escrow company or agent. This report or commitment lists documents that are exceptions to the title insurance (Schedule B Exceptions). Schedule B Exceptions may include encumbrances, easements, and liens against the property, some of which may affect the use of the property, such as a future addition or swimming pool. Make sure you receive and review all of the listed documents. Questions about the title commitment and Schedule B documents may be answered by the title or escrow officer, legal counsel, or a surveyor.

www.alta.org/consumer/questions.cfm (American Land Title Association)

https://insurance.az.gov/consumers/help-hometitleflood-insurance (Arizona Department of Insurance)

10 Loan Information and Documents

Unless a buyer is paying cash, the buyer must qualify for a loan in order to complete the purchase. A buyer should complete a loan application with a lender before making an offer on a property if at all possible and, if not, immediately after making an offer. It will be the buyer's responsibility to deposit any down payment and ensure that the buyer's lender deposits the remainder of the purchase price into escrow prior to the close of escrow date. Therefore, make sure you get all requested documentation to your lender as soon as possible.

https://www.consumerfinance.gov/consumer____ tools/mortgages/ - (Getting a Mortgage - Consumer Financial Protection Bureau)

https://www.hud.gov/topics/buving_a_home_- (HUD.gov) https://www.mba.org/who-we-are/consumer-tools (Mortgage Bankers Association)

https://www.namb.org/links to government resources.ph (National Association of Mortgage Brokers- Consumer Info)

11 Home Warranty Policy

A home warranty [policy] is a service contract that typically covers the repair and/or replacement costs of home appliances and major systems such as heating, cooling, plumbing, and possibly other components of a home that fail due to normal usage and age. Coverage varies depending on the policy. Be aware that pre-existing property conditions are generally not covered. A home warranty may be part of the sale of the home. If so, buyers should thoroughly read the home warranty contract to understand coverage, limitations, exclusions, and costs associated with the policy.





12 Affidavit of Disclosure

If the buyer is purchasing five or fewer parcels of land (whether improved or vacant), other than subdivided land, in an unincorporated area of a county, the seller must furnish the buyer with an Affidavit of Disclosure.

http://bit.lv/1p6CiDO (AAR Sample Affidavit of Disclosure)

13 Lead-Based Paint Disclosure Form

If the home was built prior to 1978, the seller must provide the buyer with a lead-based paint disclosure form. Buyer is further advised to use certified contractors to perform renovation, repair or painting projects that disturb lead-based paint in residential properties built before 1978 and to follow specific work practices to prevent lead contamination.

http://bit.ly/2O4pL4A (EPA) http://bit.lv/2069Lik (ADRE Lead Based Paint Information)

14 Professional Inspection Report

The importance of having a property inspected by a professional inspector cannot be over-emphasized. An inspection is a visual physical examination, performed for a fee, designed to identify material defects in the property. The inspector will generally provide the buyer with a report detailing information about the property s condition. The buyer should carefully review this report with the inspector and ask the inspector about any item of concern. Pay attention to the scope of the inspection and any portions of the property excluded from the inspection.

https://btr.az.gov/laws-standards/standards/home-inspectors (BTR Home Inspector Standards)

https://azashi.org/faq/(General Questions)

15 County Assessors/Tax Records

The county assessor s records contain a variety of valuable information, including the assessed value of the property for tax purposes and some of the physical aspects of the property, such as the reported square footage. The date built information in the assessor s records can be either the actual or effective/weighted age if the residence has been remodeled. All information on the site should be verified for accuracy.

Apache: Cochise: http://bit.lv/1FKUhk8 http://bit.ly/1oUS7ok

Coconino:

http://bit.lv/2F9PstM http://bit.lv/Ya3bV9

Greenlee: Graham:

http://bit.ly/2JGz2ZO http://bit.ly/2SCTZu6

La Paz:

Pima:

https://mcassessor.maricopa.gov/ http://bit.ly/2HzhhdR

Maricopa:

Navaio: Mohave: http://bit.lv/1pWxgVA http://bit.lv/Ya6nAi

Pinal:

http://www.asr.pima.gov/ http://www.pinalcountvaz.gov/ Assessor/Pages/home.aspx

Santa Cruz: Yavapai: http://bit.lv/1vRYwXl

http://bit.lv/1AsANi5

Yuma:

http://bit.ly/1FZ1uir

16 Termites and Other Wood Destroying **Insects and Organisms**

Termites and other wood destroying insects are commonly found in some parts of Arizona. General guidance, inspection report information and the ability to search a property for past termite treatments may be found on the Arizona Department of Agriculture website.

https://agriculture.az.gov/pestspest-control/termites (AZDA-Termite Information)

http://bit.ly/2GiGIIR (AZDA-Wood Destroying Insect Inspection Reports)

https://tarf.azda.gov/ (AZDA-Search for Termite Reports)

17 Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act (FIRPTA)

Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act (FIRPTA) may impact the purchase of property if the legal owner(s) of the property are foreign persons or nonresident aliens pursuant to FIRPTA. If so, consult a tax advisor as mandatory withholding may apply.

https://www.irs.gov/individuals/international-taxpavers/definitions-ofterms-and-procedures-unique-to-firpta (I.R.S. FIRPTA Definitions)

www.irs.gov/Individuals/International-Taxpayers/FIRPTA-Withholding

(I.R.S. FIRPTA Information)

http://www.irsvideos.gov/Individual/education/FIRPTA (I.R.S.

FIRPTA Video)



Section 2

COMMON PHYSICAL CONDITIONS IN THE PROPERTY A BUYER SHOULD INVESTIGATE

Because every buyer and every property is different, the physical property conditions requiring investigation will vary.

1 Repairs, Remodeling and New Construction

The seller may have made repairs or added a room to the property. The buyer should feel comfortable that the work was properly done or have an expert evaluate the work. Request copies of permits, invoices or other documentation regarding the work performed.

https://roc.az.gov/before-hire (Before You Hire a Contractor Tips)

www.greaterphoenixnari.org (National Association of Remodeling IndustryH Greater Phoenix Chapter)

https://www.nariofsouthernarizona.com/page-319328 (National Association of Remodeling Industry Bouthern

https://apps-secure.phoenix.gov/PDD/Search/Permits
(City of Phoenix Building Permit Records)

2 Square Footage

Square footage on the MLS printout or as listed by the county assessor s records is often only an estimate and generally should not be relied upon for the exact square footage in a property. An appraiser or architect can measure the property s size to verify the square footage. If the square footage is important, you should have it confirmed by one of these experts during the inspection period in a resale transaction and prior to executing a contract in a new home transaction.

https://dfi.az.gov/industry/RealEstateAppraisers (Licensed Real Estate Appraisers)

3 Roof

If the roof is 10 years old or older, a roof inspection by a licensed roofing contractor is highly recommended.

www.azroofing.org (Arizona Roofing Contractors Association)
https://roc.az.gov/before-hire(Before You Hire a Contractor Tips)

4 Swimming Pools and Spas

If the property has a pool or a spa, the home inspector may exclude the pool or spa from the general inspection so an inspection by a pool or spa company may be necessary.

The Arizona REALTORS® Residential Purchase Contract provides guidance for the buyer to investigate all applicable state, county, and municipal Swimming Pool Barrier regulations and acknowledge receipt of the Arizona Department of Health Services approved private pool safety notice. The state requirements contained in the notice may be superseded by local swimming pool barrier ordinances that are equal to or more restrictive than the state requirements.

https://www.aaronline.com/2010/10/pool-barrier-law-contactinformation/ (AAR-Pool Barrier Laws & Information)

https://www.azleg.gov/ars/36/01681.htm (A.R.S. 36-1681 Swimming Pool Enclosures)

5 Septic and Other On-Site Wastewater Treatment Facilities

If the home is not connected to a public sewer, it is probably served by an on-site wastewater treatment facility (conventional septic or alternative system). A qualified inspector must inspect any such facility within six months prior to transfer of ownership. For information on current inspection and transfer of ownership requirements, contact the specific county environmental/health agency where the property is located or the Arizona Department Environmental Quality (ADEQ).

http://bit.ly/2plVsZe

(ADEQ AZ Statewide Inspection Program)

http://az.gov/app/own/home.xhtml

(File a Notice of Transfer Online)



6 SEWER

Even if the listing or SPDS indicates that the property is connected to the city sewer, a plumber, home inspector, or other professional should verify it. Some counties and cities can perform this test as well.

Water/Well Issues

The property may receive water from a municipal system, a private water company, or a well. You should investigate the availability and quality of the water to the property, as well as the water provider. A list of Arizona s water companies is available at the Arizona Corporation Commission. https://www.azcc.gov/utilities/wate

(Arizona Corporation Commission - Utilities-Water)

http://bit.ly/1rj4DFWorhttp://bit.ly/VAuDO8

(Wells & Assured/Adequate Water Information)

Adjudications: Arizona is undertaking several Stream Adjudications, which are court proceedings to determine the extent and priority of water rights in an entire river system.

For information regarding water uses and watersheds affected by these adjudications, and the forms upon sale of the property, visit the Department of Water Resources online.

http://bit.ly/1AsX14w

(Department of Water Resources Adjudications)

Additionally, the Verde Valley Water Users assists members in matters pertaining to the Gila River System Adjudication.

www.verdevalleywaterusers.org (Verde Valley Water Users Association)

CAGRDs: The Central Arizona Groundwater Replenishment District (CAGRD) functions to replenish groundwater used by its members, individual subdivisions and service areas of member water providers. Homeowners in a CAGRD pay an annual assessment fee which is collected through the county property tax process based on the amount of groundwater served to member homes.

(Central Arizona Ground Water Replenishment District)

Soil Problems

The soil in some areas of Arizona has clay-like H tendencies, sometimes referred to as expansive soil. H

Other areas are subject to fissure, subsidence and other soil conditions. Properties built on such soils may experience significant movement causing a major problem.

If it has been disclosed that the property is subject to any such soil conditions or if the buyer has any concerns about the soil condition or observes evidence of cracking, the buyer should secure an independent assessment of the property and its structural integrity by a licensed, bonded, and insured professional engineer.

http://www.re.state.az.us/Publidnfo/Fissures.asox

(ADRE Overview of Arizona Soils)

http://bit.ly/2sXBHHw

(Problem Soils)

http://bit.lv/2MpcKNU

(Shrink/Swell Potential & FAQs)

http://bit.ly/2yfzVHR

(Information on Land Subsidence & Earth Fissures)

www.btr.state.az.us (State Certified Engineers & Firms)

9 Previous Fire/Flood

If it is disclosed there has been a fire or flood on the property, a qualified inspector should be hired to advise you regarding any possible future problems as a result of the fire or flood damage and/or any subsequent repairs. For example, if the property was not properly cleaned after a flood, mold issues may result. Your insurance agent may be able to assist you in obtaining information regarding fire, flood, or other past damage to the property.

10 Pests

Cockroaches, rattlesnakes, black widow spiders, scorpions, termites and other pests are common in parts of Arizona. Fortunately, most pests can be controlled with pesticides.

Scorpions: Scorpions, on the other hand, may be difficult to eliminate. If the buyer has any concerns or if the SPDS indicates the seller has seen scorpions or other pests on the property, seek the advice of a pest control company.

Bed bugs: Infestations are on the rise in Arizona and nationally.

Roof Rats: Roof Rats have been reported in some areas by Maricopa County Environmental Services.

Termites: Consumer Information is available from the Arizona Department of Agriculture.

Bark Beetles: Bark beetles have been reported in some forested areas.



A Resource for Real Estate Consumers Provided by the ARIZONA ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS*

http://bit.lv/1HLIWs5 (Information on Scorpions)

http://bit.lv/1PFP9Y2 (Information on Bed Bugs)

http://www2.epa.gov/bedbugs(Bed Bugs: Get Them Out and Keep Them Out)

http://www.maricopa.gov/FAO.aspx?TID=104 (Maricopa County Roof Rats)

https://agriculture.az.gov/pestspest-control/termites (Termite Information

https://agriculture.az.gov/pests-pest-control/agriculturepests/bark-beetles (Bark Beetle Information)

11 Endangered & Threatened Species

Certain areas in the state may have issues related to federally listed endangered or threatened species that may affect land uses. Further information may be obtained on the U.S. Fish and Wildlife website or by contacting the appropriate planning/development service department.

https://www.fws.gov/southwest/es/arizona/ (Arizona Ecological Services

https://www.fws.gov/endangered/map/state/AZ.html (Arizona Endangered Species)

12 Death and Felonies on the Properties

Arizona law states that sellers and real estate licensees have no liability for failure to disclose to a buyer that the property was ever the site of a natural death, suicide, murder or felony.

This information is often difficult to uncover; however, the local law enforcement agency may be able to identify incidents related to a property address.

http://bit.ly/2lo53MZ (A.R.S. § 32-2156)

13 Indoor Environmental Concerns

Attention has been given to the possible health effects of mold in homes, apartments and commercial buildings. Certain types of mold may cause health problems in some people while triggering only common allergic responses in others.

Mold is often not detectable by a visual inspection. To determine if the premises you are purchasing, or leasing contains mold or airborne health hazards, you may retain an environmental expert to perform an indoor air quality test. This is particularly important if any of the inspection reports or disclosure documents indicate the existence of past or present moisture, standing water, visible water stains, or water intrusion in the Premises.

The Arizona Department of Health Services, Office of Environmental Health, states:

If you can see mold, or if there is an earthy or musty odor, you can assume you have a mold problem. u

https://www.epa.gov/indoor-air-quality-iaq (Indoor Air Quality)
https://www.epa.gov/mold (EPA -Mold)
https://www.cdc.gov/mold/default.htm (Mold Information)
https://www.epa.gov/indoor-air-quality-iaq (Publications &Resources)

Imported Drywall: There have been reports of problematic drywall, produced in China, used in Arizona homes. Residents in homes with problem drywall report health issues such as respiratory irritation, and other problems such as copper corrosion and sulfur odors. Visit the Consumer Product Safety Commission website for more information.

Radon Gas and Carbon Monoxide: Radon gas and carbon monoxide poisoning are two of the more common and potentially serious indoor air quality (IAQ) concerns. Both of these concerns can be addressed by the home inspector, usually for an additional fee. For information on radon levels in the state, visit Arizona Radiation Regulatory Agency online.

Drug labs: Residual contamination arising from the illicit manufacture of methamphetamine and other drugs carried out in clandestine drug laboratories presents a serious risk of harm to human and environmental health.

Other: For information on other indoor environmental concerns, the EPA has a host of resource materials and pamphlets online.

bit.ly2kRk7jm (Drywall Information Center)

http://bit.lv/2GclWpM (About Radon)

http://bit.ly/2t1CAPq (Carbon Monoxide Infographic)

http://www2.epa.gov/asbestos (Asbestos Information)

bit.ly/2gUZcSt (Voluntary Guidelines for Methamphetamine)

https://www.epa.gov/formaldehyde (EPA Formaldehyde)

14 Property Boundaries

If the property boundaries are of concern, a survey may be warranted. For example, a survey may be advisable if there is an obvious use of property by others, i.e., a well-worn path across a property and/or parked cars on the property or fences or structures of adjacent property owners that appear to be built on the property. For more information, visit the Arizona Professional Land Surveyors online. A search for surveyors may be found online at the Board of Technical Registration.

http://www.azpls.org/ (Professional Land Surveyors)

https://btr.az.gov/laws-standards/standards/land-surveyors (AZ BTR Land Surveyors)



15 Flood Insurance/Flood Plain Status

Your mortgage lender may require you to purchase flood insurance in connection with your purchase of the property. The National Flood Insurance Program provides for the availability of flood insurance and established flood insurance policy premiums based on the risk of flooding in the area where properties are located. Changes to the federal law (The Biggert-Waters Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2012 and the Homeowner Flood Insurance Affordability Act of 2014, in particular) will result in changes to flood insurance premiums that are likely to be higher, and in the future, may be substantially higher, than premiums paid for flood insurance prior to or at the time of sale of the property. As a result, purchasers of property should not rely on the premiums paid for flood insurance on the property previously as an indication of the premiums that will apply after completion of the purchase. In considering purchase of the property you should consult with one or more carriers of flood insurance for a better understanding of flood insurance coverage, current and anticipated future flood insurance premiums, whether the prior owner s policy may be assumed by a subsequent purchase of the property, and other matters related to the purchase of flood insurance for the property.

If community floodplain information is not available for a specific property, and in order to obtain flood insurance, it may be necessary to have an elevation survey and obtain an elevation certificate. This is necessary to determine a properties insurability and premium rate. You may also wish to contact the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for

more information about flood insurance as it relates to the property.

National Flood Insurance Program (FEMA)

https://msc.fema.gov/portal (Flood Map Service Center)

<u>bit.ly/2egwpza</u> (Elevation Certificates: Who Needs Them and Why - fact sheet)

http://azgs.arizona.edu/center-natural-hazards/floods (Flooding in Arizona)

http://www.fcd.maricopa.gov/3847/Flood-Control-District (Maricopa County Flood Control District-Services)

https://www.tucsonaz.gov/pdsd/floodplain-information_ (Tucson Flood Information)

Other Arizona Counties: Consult County Websites.

16 Insurance (Claims History)

Many factors affect the availability and cost of homeowner s insurance. Property owners may request a five-year claims history from their insurance company, an insurance support organization or consumer reporting agency.

https://insurance.azgov/consumers/help-hometitleflood-insurance(AZ Department of Insurance)

17 Other Property Conditions

Plumbing: Check functionality.

Cooling/Heating: Make sure the cooling and heating systems are adequate. If it is important to you, hire a qualified heating/cooling inspector. https://www.epa.gov/ods-phaseout

Electrical Systems: Check for functionality and safety.

Section 3

CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE AREA SURROUNDING THE PROPERTY THE BUYER SHOULD INVESTIGATE

Every property is unique; therefore, important conditions vary.

Environmental Concerns

It is often very difficult to identify environmental hazards. The Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) website contains environmental information regarding the locations of open and closed landfills (Solid Waste Facilities), wildfire information, as well as, air and water quality information (and more).

http://www.azdeq.gov/ (ADEQ)

http://legacv.azdeg.gov/environ/waste/solid/plan.html (ADEQ-Solid Waste Facilities)

https://azdeq.gov/WildfireSupport (Wildfire Information)



1 Environmentally Sensitive Land

Ordinance: Approximately two-thirds of the City of Scottsdale is affected by the Environmentally Sensitive Land Ordinance (ESLO), which requires some areas on private property be retained in their natural state and designated as National Area Open Space (NAOS).

http://www.scottsdaleaz.gov/codes/eslo_ (Environmentally Sensitive Lands Overlay HFSL)

http://www.scottsdaleaz.gov/codes/eslo (Natural Area Open Space)

2 Electromagnetic Fields

For information on electromagnetic fields, and whether they pose a health risk to you or your family, visit the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences website.

www.niehs.nih.gov/health/topics/agents/emf/
(National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences)

3 Superfund Sites

There are numerous sites in Arizona where the soil and groundwater have been contaminated by improper disposal of contaminants. Maps may be viewed on ADEQ s website to see if a property is in an area designated by the ADEQ as requiring cleanup. http://www.azdeq.gov/emaps (ADEQ-Maps)

www.epa.gov/superfund/(EPA), http://espanol.epa.gov/(Spanish)

4 Freeway Construction and Traffic Conditions

Although the existence of a freeway near the property may provide highly desirable access, sometimes it contributes to undesirable noise. To search for roadway construction and planning, visit the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) website.

www.azdot.gov(ADOT)

www.azdot.gov/Highwavs(Sta</u>tewide Projects)
www.az511.com(Traffic Conditions Melerts)

5 Crime Statistics

Crime statistics, an imperfect measurement at best, provide some indication of the level of criminal activity in an area.

https://www.phoenix.gov/police/neighborhoodresources/crime-stats-maps (Phoenix Crime Statistics) http://www.tucsonaz.gov/police/statistics (Tucson Crime Stats) www.leagueaz.org/lgd (Crime Statistics All Arizona Cities)

6 Sex Offenders

Since June 1996, Arizona has maintained a registry and community notification program for convicted sex offenders. Prior to June 1996, registration was not required, and only the higher-risk sex offenders are on the website. The presence of a sex offender in the vicinity of the property is not a fact that the seller or real estate broker is required to disclose.

www.azdps.gov/Services/Sex_Offender/(Registered Sex Offenders and Community Notification)

http://www.nsopw.gov/en (National Sex Offender Public Site)

7 Forested Areas

Life in a forested area has unique benefits and concerns. Contact county/city fire authority for more information on issues particular to a community.

8 Military and Public Airports

The legislature has mandated the identification of areas in the immediate vicinity of military and public airports that are susceptible to a certain level of noise from aircraft. The boundaries of these areas have been plotted on maps that are useful in determining if a property falls within one of these areas. The maps for military and public airports may be accessed on the Arizona Department of Real Estate (ADRE) website. Additionally, the boundaries of military and public airports in Maricopa County may be viewed on the county website. These maps are intended to show the area subject to a preponderance of airport-related noise from a given airport. Periodic over-flights that may contribute to noise cannot usually be determined from these maps.

Vacant land or lots may be for sale within areas of high noise or accident potential zones. Because the zoning of these lots may conflict with the buyer s ability to develop the property, the buyer should verify whether development is prohibited.





Zoning regulations for these areas, may be found at A.R.S.§28-8481.

http://www.re.state.az.us/AirportMaps/MilitaryAirports.aspx (ADRE - Maps of Military Airports & Boundaries) www.re.state.az.us/AirportMaps/PublicAirports.aspx (ADRE - Maps of Public Airports & Boundaries)

9 Zoning/Planning/Neighborhood Services

Information may be found on community websites. http://phoenix.gov/business/zoning(Phoenix) http://www.tucsonaz.gov/pdsd/planning-zoning_(Tucson) http://www.leagueaz.org/lgd/(Other Cities and Towns)

10 Schools

Although there is no substitute for an on-site visit to the school to talk with principals and teachers, there is a significant amount of information about Arizona s schools on the Internet. Visit the Arizona Department of Education website for more information. http://www.azed.gov/ (Arizona Department of Education)

ADRE ADVISES:

Call the school district serving the subdivision to determine whether nearby schools are accepting new students. Some school districts, especially in the northwest part of the greater Phoenix area, have placed a cap on enrollment. You may find that your children cannot attend the school nearest you and may even be transported to another community.

www.azre.gov/PublicInfo/PropertyBuverChecklist.aspx (ADRE)

11 City Profile Report

Information on demographics, finances and other factors are drawn from an array of sources, such as U.S. Census Bureau, Bureau of Labor, Internal Revenue Service, Federal Bureau of Investigation, and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and may be viewed on Homefair's Website.

http://www.homefair.com/real-estate/city-profile/index.asp_ (City Profile Report)

Section 4

OTHER METHODS OF GETTING INFORMATION ABOUT A PROPERTY

Talk to the Neighbors

Neighbors can provide a wealth of information. Buyers should always talk to the surrounding residents about the neighborhood and the history of the property the buyer is considering for purchase.

Drive around the Neighborhood

Buyers should always drive around the neighborhood, preferably on different days at several

different times of the day and evening, to investigate the surrounding area.

Investigate your Surroundings:

Google Earth is an additional method to investigate the surrounding area:

https://www.google.com/earth/





Section 5

RESOURCES

Market Conditions Advisory

The real estate market is cyclical and real estate values go up and down. The financial market also changes, affecting the terms on which a lender will agree to loan money on real property. It is impossible to accurately predict what the real estate or financial market conditions will be at any given time.

The ultimate decision on the price a buyer is willing to pay and the price a seller is willing to accept for a specific property rests solely with the individual buyer or seller. The parties to a real estate transaction must decide on what price and terms they are willing to buy or sell considering market conditions, their own financial resources and their own unique circumstances.

The parties must, upon careful deliberation, decide how much risk they are willing to assume in a transaction. Any waiver of contingencies, rights or warranties in the Contract may have adverse consequences. Buyer and seller acknowledge that they understand these risks.

Buyer and Seller assume all responsibility should the return on investment, tax consequences, credit effects, or financing terms not meet their expectations. The parties understand and agree that the Broker(s) do not provide advice on property as an investment. Broker(s) are not qualified to provide financial, legal, or tax advice regarding a real estate transaction. Therefore, Broker(s) make no representation regarding the above items. Buyer and seller are advised to obtain professional tax and legal advice regarding the advisability of entering into this transaction.

http://bit.lv/1sSTprj (AAR - Sample Forms)

Fair Housing and Disability Laws

The Fair Housing Act prohibits discrimination in the sale, rental, and financing of dwellings based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex,

familial status (including children under the age of 18 living with people securing custody of children under the age of 18), and disability.

Fair Housing Rights and Obligations (HUD.gov)

http://www.ada.gov/pubs/ada.htm (Americans with Disabilities Act)

Wire Fraud

Beware of wiring instructions sent via email. Cyber criminals may hack email accounts and send emails with fake wiring instructions. You should independently confirm wiring instructions in person or via a telephone call to a trusted and verified phone number prior to wiring any money.

http://bit.ly/2gQNWms (FTC & NAR - Protect your mortgage closing from scammers

http://bit.lv/2vDDvFk (CFPB- Buying a home? Watch out for mortgage closing scams

Additional Information

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® (NAR)

Ten Step Guide to Buying a Home http://bit.ly/YweGug

Home Closing 101
www.homeclosing101.org

Information about Arizona Government, State Agencies, City & County Websites

Arizona Department of Real Estate Consumer Information

Arizona Association of REALTORS® www.aaronline.com_



BUYER ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Buyer acknowledges receipt of all 13 pages of this Advisory.

Buyer further acknowledges that there may be other disclosure issues of concern not listed in this Advisory. Buyer is responsible for making all necessary inquiries and consulting the appropriate persons or entities prior to the purchase of any property.

The information in this Advisory is provided with the understanding that it is not intended as legal or other professional services or advice. These materials have been prepared for general informational purposes only. The information and links contained herein may not be updated or revised for accuracy. If you have any additional questions or need advice, please contact your own lawyer or other professional representative.

^ BUYER SIGNATURE	DATE
^ BUYER SIGNATURE	DATE





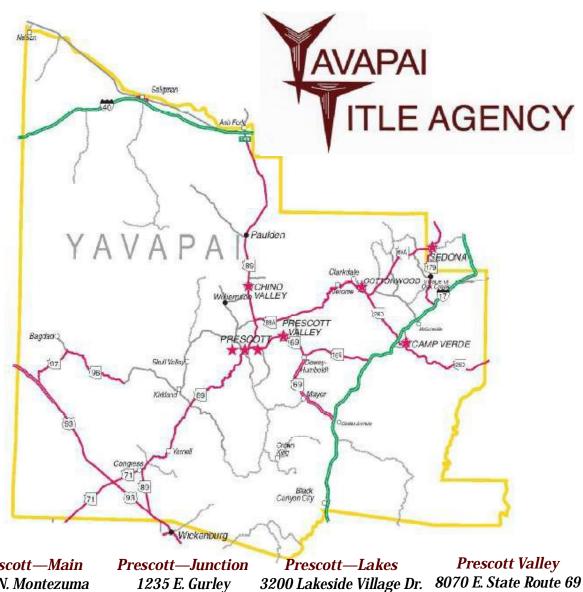




Sedona 2855 W. State Route 89A, #8 (928)282-4141

Camp Verde 527 S. Main St., Ste. 1 (928)567-0590

Cottonwood 716 S. Main St. (928)634-7591



Prescott—Main 123 N. Montezuma (928) 445-2528

1235 E. Gurley (928)776-7070 (928)771-7555

(928) 772-8546

Chino Valley 980 N. State Route 89 (928)636-0899

Sedona 2855 W. State Route 89A, #8 (928) 282-4141

Camp Verde 527 S. Main St., Ste. 1 (928) 567-0590

Cottonwood 716 S. Main St. (928) 634-7591

Eight offices throughout Yavapai County to serve you!

Glossary of Terms

AMORTIZED LOAN A loan that is paid off—both interest and principal—by regular payments that are equal or nearly equal.

AMENDMENT A change—either to alter, add to, or correct—part of an agreement without changing the principal idea or

essence.

APPRAISAL An estimate of value of property resulting from analysis of facts about the property; an opinion of value.

ASSUMPTION Taking over another person's financial obligation; taking title to a property with the Buyer assuming liability

for paying an existing lien against the property.

BENEFICIARY The recipient of benefits, often from a deed of trust; usually the lender.

CLOSE OF ESCROW The date the documents are recorded and title passes from Seller to Buyer. On this date, the Buyer becomes the legal owner, and title insurance becomes effective.

CLOUD ON TITLE A claim, encumbrance, or condition that impairs the title to real property until disproved or eliminated.

COMPARABLE SALES Sales that have similar characteristics as the subject property, used for analysis in the appraisal. Commonly called "comps".

CONVEYANCE An instrument in writing, such as a deed or trust deed, used to transfer (convey) title to property from one

person to another.

DEED OF TRUST An instrument used in many states in place of a mortgage.

DEED RESTRICTIONS Limitations in the deed to a property that dictate certain uses that may or may not be made of the property.

EARNEST MONEY DEPOSIT Down payment made by a purchaser of real estate as evidence of good faith; a deposit or partial payment.

EASEMENT A right, privilege or interest limited to a specific purpose that one property has in the land of another.

HAZARD INSURANCE Real estate insurance protecting against fire, some natural causes, vandalism, etc., depending upon the policy. Buyer often adds liability insurance and extended-coverage for personal property.

HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION Automatic in Arizona, it allows any resident of Arizona, 18 years of age or older, to exempt from attachment, execution or forced sale \$100,000.00 of equity in a single dwelling unit. Exceptions include (1) process and sale of a consensual lien, i.e. where a deed of trust or equity loan is foreclosed; (2) a forced sale resulting from a mechanic's lien, and (3) any equity beyond the \$100,000.00 (You should consult an attorney to determine if this exemption offers you protection in the event of an attachment, execution or forced sale.)

IMPOUNDS A trust type of account established by lenders for the accumulation of borrower's funds to meet periodic payments of taxes, mortgage insurance premiums and/or future insurance policy premiums, to name the most common, required to protect their security.

LEGAL DESCRIPTION A description of land recognized by law, based on government surveys, spelling out the exact boundaries of the entire piece of land. It should so thoroughly identify a parcel of land that it cannot be confused with any other.

LIEN A form of encumbrance that usually makes a specific property the security for the payment of a debt or discharge of an obligation. For example, judgments, taxes, mortgages, deeds of trust.

MORTGAGE The instrument by which real property is pledged as security for repayment of a loan.

PITI A payment that combines Principal, Interest, Taxes and Insurance.

POWER OF ATTORNEY A written instrument whereby a principal gives authority to an agent. The agent acting under such a grant is sometimes called an Attorney-in-Fact.

PURCHASE AGREEMENT The purchase contract between the Buyer and Seller. It is usually completed by the real estate agent and signed by the Buyer and Seller

QUIT CLAIM DEED A deed operating as a release, intending to pass any title, interest, or claim which the grantor may have in the property, but not containing any warranty of a valid interest or title by the grantor.

RECORDING Filing documents affecting real property with the County Recorder as a matter of public record.

WARRANTY DEED A real estate oriented document used to convey fee title to real property from the grantor (usually the Seller) to the grantee (usually the Buyer).



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